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WHOLE NO. 1835.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

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W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

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AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

## STILL EXCLUSIVE

Judge Hartwell Withdraws a  
Request.

WILL GIVE UP LITTLE FOR MORE

Swings in Line for Scrym-  
ser Cable Franchise.

Believes United States Will Not  
Grant Exclusive Franchise But  
Hawaii Might.

General A. S. Hartwell has with-  
drawn his application for a cable con-  
tract made on the 23rd of October last  
and has substituted therefor an ap-  
plication from the Pacific Cable Com-  
pany, of which General Jas. A. Scrym-  
ser is President. Associated with him  
are J. Pierpont Morgan, J. Kennedy  
Tod, Edmund L. Baylies and George  
Bowdoin, as directors.

The following is Gen. Hartwell's  
letter of withdrawal:

"Honolulu, Feb. 3, 1897.  
Mr. S. B. Dole, President of the Re-  
public of Hawaii.

"My Dear Sir:—I beg to inform you  
that I withdraw my application of  
October 23rd last for a cable contract.  
My reason for doing so is, that I have  
satisfied myself, after careful examina-  
tion, that the Company which is most  
likely to obtain recognition from the  
United States Government is the Pa-  
cific Cable Company of New York, of  
which Gen. Scrymser is President.

"After careful investigation of the  
capacity and chance of success of that  
company, I have decided thus to with-  
draw my own application, believing  
that Gen. Scrymser's company will  
make such a showing to this Govern-  
ment as will assure from this Govern-  
ment such assistance as it requires  
in furtherance of its general Pacific  
Ocean cable project.

"You will kindly observe, that the  
application of that company to this  
Government asks for no exclusive  
franchise from Hawaii to the United  
States. The reason for this is, that  
such franchises are deemed by that  
company to be absolutely suicidal to  
any application which it might make  
to the United States Congress. Yours  
very truly,

(Signed) ALFRED S. HARTWELL.

The application made by Gen. Hart-  
well on behalf of the Pacific Cable  
Company as their duly constituted At-  
torney is as follows:

"Honolulu, H. I., Feb. 3, 1897.  
Hon. S. B. Dole, President of the Re-  
public of Hawaii.

"Dear Sir:—In behalf of the Pacific  
Cable Company, a New York corpora-  
tion, and its authorized agent by a  
duly executed Power of Attorney, I  
respectfully request that the Hawaiian  
Government grant to said company  
the right to land, maintain and oper-  
ate a sub-marine telegraphic cable or  
cables, from a suitable landing place  
at or near Honolulu, Island of Oahu,  
to a point to be selected by said Cable  
Company on the Western Coast of the  
United States, with a view to the es-  
tablishment by said company of per-  
manent cable communication between  
the United States of America and the  
Hawaiian Islands, but without any ex-  
clusive rights in respect of the same.

"Also to grant to said Cable Com-  
pany exclusive telegraphic rights and  
privileges for a period of not less than  
twenty-five years, for landing, main-  
taining and operating lines of sub-  
marine telegraphic cable between any  
and all of the islands composing the  
Hawaiian group of islands, and all  
other territory bordering on the Pa-  
cific or Indian Oceans and adjacent  
waters, excepting always the United  
States of America.

"Also to grant to said Cable Com-  
pany an annual subsidy of forty thou-  
sand dollars, substantially in conform-  
ity with the contract and franchise  
now outstanding with Col. Spaulding.  
In the event of the same lapsing or  
becoming void in accordance with its  
conditions.

"The said Cable Company will un-  
dertake to establish Inter-Island cable  
communication, and also the Hawa-  
ian-United States sub-marine cable,  
within three years from obtaining the  
grant and contract herein mentioned.  
Provided, That the said company shall  
obtain the passage of its bill now  
pending in Congress, giving it not less  
than one hundred and fifty thousand  
dollars a year for twenty years, for  
the establishment of a cable between  
the United States and the Hawaiian  
Islands.

"The said Cable Company will de-  
posit with the Hawaiian Government  
bonds of said Government to the  
amount of twenty-five thousand dol-  
lars, as security that the said cable  
company will establish the said cable  
between the United States and the  
Hawaiian Islands, and also a system  
of inter-island cable, within three  
years, such bonds to be forfeited in  
case the cable company fails to carry  
out its contract; upon the sole condi-  
tion that the said company shall within

such three obtain from the United  
States Government a contract for the  
establishment of a cable between the  
United States and the Hawaiian Is-  
lands.

"The said company will also agree  
upon obtaining the grant and contract  
herein mentioned, to establish a line  
of submarine telegraphic cable com-  
munication from Hawaii to Japan  
within three years after the establish-  
ment of its Hawaii-United States ca-  
ble; provided the said company shall  
obtain the necessary grants from that  
country and intermediate islands.

"I think it is obvious to all who have  
given any attention to the subject,  
that on one continental line to Hawaii  
can possibly pay its running expenses  
until connected with another continen-  
tal line, so as to be able to com-  
pete for the commercial, diplomatic  
and telegraphic business of the world.

"In that view it would be a great  
loss, both of money and efficiency to  
engage one company for a cable line  
from Hawaii to America, and another  
for a line from Hawaii to Japan, mak-  
ing it essential that one company or  
the other shall be bought out on its  
own terms.

"This Government has now given  
an exclusive franchise from Hawaii to  
America, which may lapse by May first  
next, if its holder shall fail to secure a  
cable contract, and may lapse earlier,  
as its holder can release it at his op-  
tion.

"I beg to urge upon your attention  
that it is improbable in the extreme  
that either the United States Govern-  
ment or the Japanese Government  
would lay and operate a cable line as  
a national affair; and on the other  
hand, whatever may be said by inter-  
ested persons of the contrary, I think  
it ought to be obvious that the Ameri-  
can and Japanese Governments will  
not contract with two separate com-  
panies, an American company on the  
one side, and a Japanese company (ac-  
tually or nominally, most likely the  
latter) on the other; but whatever  
company secures the confidence and  
assistance of the United States will  
also be engaged by Japan.

"If then, the Pacific Cable Company  
receives from Hawaii the privileges  
and rights which it now requests, and  
if the granting of the same is made  
conditional upon its securing the re-  
quisite aid from the United States,  
as far as the California line is con-  
cerned, and of securing the requisite  
aid from Japan, as far as the Japanese  
line is concerned, it is impossible for  
Hawaii to be the loser in the transac-  
tion.

"The said Cable Company has for its  
Board of Directors, General James A.  
Scrymser, president of the Central and  
South American Telegraph Company,  
and also president of the Mexican Tel-  
egraph Company, who has been actively  
engaged in submarine telegraphy  
nearly, if not quite, thirty years, and  
is the leading expert authority in the  
United States upon submarine cables.

"The other directors of the Pacific  
Cable Company are:  
"J. Pierpont Morgan, head of the  
well known banking firm of J. P. Mor-  
gan & Co.

"George S. Bowdoin, partner in the  
firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

"J. Kennedy Tod, of the banking  
firm of J. Kennedy Tod & Co.

"Edmund L. Baylies, of the eminent  
law firm of Carter & Ledyard of New  
York City.

"I am personally acquainted with  
General Scrymser, who furnished me  
gratuitously with valuable advice and  
information for a cable measure which  
I advocated in Washington in the year  
of 1891. He at that time informed me  
that Chief Justice Allen had discussed  
with him twenty years before the sub-  
ject of an Hawaiian cable, and that  
he was very familiar with the plan.

"The men who are in the different  
telegraph companies, with General  
Scrymser, propose to accomplish with  
no unnecessary delay the work of lay-  
ing a complete system of Pacific Ocean  
cables, and to do this solely with  
American capital, aided by subsidies  
from the different Governments con-  
cerned and interested; and so far from  
being connected with any of the At-  
lantic cable people, they have of late  
years been in active competition for  
some portion of the South American  
territory, formally held exclusively by  
those interested in the Atlantic cables.

"I am confident that the persons  
whom I represent are not only thor-  
oughly in earnest, but have the ex-  
perience and influence which will en-  
able them to accomplish an Hawaiian  
cable, and also a cable to Japan; and  
that no other American company has  
the strength and ability or chances of  
success which are possessed by and  
are at the command of this Pacific  
Cable Company.

"While I do not anticipate that the  
Hawaiian Government will take any  
hasty or ill-advised action upon this  
application, I respectfully urge the  
most rigid investigation into the truth  
of the statements above made, being  
confident that the Republic of Hawaii  
will find its interests subserved in a  
most satisfactory manner by making  
the engagements herein specified with  
the Pacific Cable Company.

"I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully,

"Your obedient servant,

(Signed) ALFRED S. HARTWELL.

Attorney for the Pacific Cable Co.

It will be noticed in the letter of  
withdrawal Gen. Hartwell says: "You  
will kindly observe, that the applica-  
tion of that company (Pacific Cable  
Company) to the Government asks for  
no exclusive franchise from Hawaii to  
the United States." In the Pacific  
Cable Company's application is the  
following:

"Also grant the said cable company  
exclusive telegraphic rights and privi-  
leges for a period of not less than

twenty-five years for landing main-  
taining and operating lines of sub-  
marine telegraphic cable between any  
and all of the islands, composing the  
Hawaiian group of islands, and all  
other territory bordering on the Pa-  
cific or Indian Oceans, and adjacent  
waters, excepting always the United  
States of America."

From this, it would appear that this  
new application possesses all the ob-  
jectionable features, as to exclusive  
rights, that Col. Spaulding's contract  
possesses. It is not an application for  
a franchise without exclusive rights—  
whether a franchise is protected on  
the east, west, north or south side of  
the islands does not matter. The ob-  
ject of preventing any other company  
from constructing a cable to these is-  
lands is accomplished all the same.

## J. H. PATY DEAD.

Succumbs to Consumption  
After Long Illness.

Buried From the Family Resi-  
dence With Masonic  
Rites.

John H. Paty, the well known finan-  
cial agent and at one time a member  
of the firm of Bishop & Co., died at his  
residence, Nuuanu Valley, at 11:55



J. H. PATY.

a. m. Tuesday, from consumption. He  
was conscious and bade his family  
farewell a few minutes before dissolu-  
tion took place.

John H. Paty was born in Honolulu,  
September 8, 1840, and was the son of  
Captain John Paty who during his life  
was a prominent sea Captain on the  
Pacific. The deceased took an occa-  
sional trip with his father as a  
passenger. One of these trips, taken  
to San Francisco before he was nine  
years of age, entitled him to member-  
ship in the Society of California Pio-  
neers, and he was one of the youngest  
members of that honorable body.

He was educated partly in San Fran-  
cisco, and partly in the Royal School  
of Honolulu. The greater part of his  
life was on the islands, and it may  
here be noted that having but little  
inclination to travel, he never went  
beyond the Pacific coast in his visits  
to the United States. When about six-  
teen years of age, Mr. Paty first en-  
tered commercial life, and for three  
years thereafter was engaged in the  
merchandise, real estate, and general  
auctioneering business. In August,  
1859, Mr. Paty entered the employ of  
Bishop & Co., and was successively  
promoted to be head bookkeeper and  
assistant cashier; until finally, in 1875,  
after sixteen years of faithful service,  
he was admitted to partnership in this  
great financial institution.

He was married in 1871 to Miss  
Bolles, a lady of America parentage;  
but who, like himself, was born in  
Honolulu, and whose father had for  
nearly half a century been a promi-  
nent merchant of this city. Five  
children, all daughters, have been born  
to them in Honolulu.

Aside from his interests in the bank,  
he was one of the promoters of the  
Oahu Railroad. He was also a large  
stockholder in several sugar planta-  
tions, and was at one time the prin-  
cipal owner of the Kawaiaha ranch,  
which embraces some 35,000 acres of  
land.

Personally, J. H. Paty was a man  
of quiet and retiring disposition, and  
although, he was sincerely interested  
in the welfare of the country, he made  
no pretensions, and was not fond of  
having his name put forward in public  
banners. He was for several years  
Consul of the Netherlands in Hawaii.  
He was also Chairman of the Board  
of the Hawaiian Tramway Co., Ltd.,  
Treasurer of the Board of the Queen's  
Hospital, Treasurer of the Board of  
Trustees of the Sailors' Home Soci-  
ety, Vice-President of the Honolulu  
Board of Underwriters, President of  
the Oahu Land and Railroad Co., and  
Chairman of the Board of Trustees of  
the Hawaiian Lodge, F. & A. M.

Owing to increasing ill health he  
gradually retired from most of the in-  
stitutions or enterprises with which  
he had been connected, but he still re-  
tained an office in the bank of Bishop

& Co., his failing health, however, has  
prevented his visiting it for some  
months past.

The funeral of the late John H.  
Paty took place from the family resi-  
dence, Nuuanu avenue, at 4 o'clock  
Wednesday afternoon. Rev. D. P. Bir-  
nie of Central Union Church conduct-  
ed the services at the late residence,  
after which the remains were turned  
over to Hawaiian Lodge, F. & A. M.,  
and by it interred with Masonic cere-  
monies.

The house was crowded with rela-  
tives and friends of the deceased.  
President Dole, Minister Cooper, Min-  
ister Damon, Minister King, Attorney  
General Smith, Chief Justice Judd, As-  
sociate Justice Frear, and many others  
were present from the Government.  
Every member of the Diplomatic  
Corps was in attendance, either in the  
ranks of the Masons or in a private  
capacity. Mr. Paty was Consul of the  
Netherlands, and was next to the oldest  
representatives of a foreign Gov-  
ernment in this country.

The short service was held in the  
main parlor. It began with a beautiful  
rendition of "Asleep in Jesus," by a  
select choir, composed of Mrs. Charles  
Turner, Mrs. A. F. Judd, Prof. A.  
B. Ingalls and Mr. W. F. Dillingham.  
Following this the minister read the  
service, after which the choir sang  
"Refuge." The service concluded with  
prayer.

In the meantime the procession had  
formed on the avenue. First was a  
platoon of police, under Captain Fer-  
nandez, next the band and then the  
Masonic lodge in column of two. The  
hearse was in charge of a detail of  
Masons, who, when the body was re-  
ceived, assumed the office of pallbear-  
ers. From the residence the procession  
wended its way into Nuuanu Cemetery,  
and the casket was placed in the Paty  
family vault. This part of the services  
was under strict Masonic auspices.

The floral tributes were elaborate  
and very beautiful. Some of the pious  
were among the handsomest ever seen  
here. The pallbearers were: P. C.  
Jones, B. F. Dillingham, Rev. H. H.  
Parker, Captain Fuller, George W.  
Smith, Joseph O. Carter, J. B. Atherton  
and E. Marshall.

**DR. MCGREW REPLIES.**  
Is for Annexation and Thinks  
Missionaries are All Right.

MR. EDITOR: Sir—On looking over  
the speeches of some of the gentlemen  
at the annexation meeting, held last  
night at the club rooms, I see that my  
name was used in a manner that might  
mislead some who do not know, or  
have forgotten (7) the position I have  
held for the last 25 or 30 years, in re-  
gard to the annexation of the islands  
to the United States.

Soon after arriving here I saw that  
it would be of great importance to these  
islands to be annexed to the United  
States. The consummation of such a  
thing would give this country a pros-  
perity and a future that it could get in  
no other way, and a strong and stable  
Government to back it.

But I have not sat down to write an  
argument in favor of annexing this  
Government, but to correct a remark  
made by Mr. Dillingham at the meet-  
ing of the club last evening. He says,  
in speaking of the cry against "mis-  
sionaries" and "adventurers," six or  
seven years ago, little of such talk  
was ever made, and "in former years  
annexation was not talked of, either."

I fear that the speaker's mind is fail-  
ing him in regard to his dates. At the  
time he talks of annexation was freely  
discussed, and by such gentlemen as  
Father Castle, General Hartwell, Mr.  
Cartwright and several others, not as  
Mr. Dillingham says, by two men, "one  
of whom was Dr. McGrew, who made  
themselves conspicuous by advocating  
it," but I must say that Mr. Dilling-  
ham will agree with me in saying at  
that time it was very unpopular, very  
distasteful to many of the party that  
seem to be anxious for it now, as sev-  
eral of them were then holding office  
under the Monarchy. It certainly was  
disagreeable to them to hear parties  
urging a thing that would take the  
bread and butter out of their mouths.

I have always been consistent in my  
advocacy of annexation. I wish the  
speaker and others could say the same  
—who are now the loudest in their  
urgency of the question. I will now  
shake hands with them. I have no de-  
sire but that they may succeed, with  
no sugar interests, just one alone for  
the interest of all. About the time two  
months ago when I started Mr. Dill-  
ingham, for which I am very sorry,  
a writer in one of the papers, who the  
editor vouched for as one of the old  
missionary stock, was opposing an-  
nexation. It was generally conceded  
that planters were opposed to it. I  
believe the "missionary children" are  
largely in the business of planting. It  
looked to a goodly number of us poor  
devils outside, who were for annexa-  
tion, that they were playing a double  
game—some were talking of wanting  
a protectorate—many things looked a  
little acaly. This was about the time  
of my conversation with Mr. Dilling-  
ham.

As to missionaries and their child-  
ren, I believe the former are not trou-  
bling themselves about anything but  
their honest endeavors to do good to  
mankind. I am with them as long as  
they adhere to that. I am not, as Mr.  
Dillingham's remark would have it,  
opposed to them or their children.  
Most of whom are old enough to look  
out for their own interests, and are  
right in doing so, but do not have them  
tramp upon the toes of all outsiders,  
because they are not missionaries.

Yours respectfully,  
JOHN S. MCGREW.

## TALK ABOUT OPIUM

Health Board in Its Regular  
Weekly Session.

MAKE IMPORTANT RESOLUTION

Hilo Hospital Will Be  
Started Soon.

Health Agent Reynolds to Go to  
Rainy City Next Week to  
Arrange Matters.

At the regular weekly meeting of the  
Board of Health, held yesterday after-  
noon, there were present the following:  
President Smith, Drs. Wood, Day, Em-  
erson and Monsarrat, and Messrs. C.  
B. Reynolds, T. F. Lansing, C. A.  
Brown and Kellipio. Minutes of the  
previous meeting read and approved.

Meat Inspector W. T. Monsarrat's  
report showed two cows from private  
families affected with tuberculosis.  
These had been condemned and killed.  
President Smith suggested, and he  
was agreed with in what he said by  
all the members, that the matter of  
examination of cows for tuberculosis  
be continued.

Dr. Monsarrat said he had seen the  
managers of the various dairies and  
had found them willing to lose any  
cows that the veterinary surgeon of the  
board might condemn. They object,  
however, to paying for the examina-  
tion.

Under the act to mitigate Dr. Mon-  
sarrat's report showed 69 and 77 ex-  
aminations respectively for the last  
two weeks.

Several letters from Mr. Meyers of  
the Leper Settlement were read. In one  
was contained information regarding  
the changing of a certain road at the  
settlement. The board decided that  
the netting superintendent be instruct-  
ed to the effect that no permanent  
roads at the settlement be changed  
without the authority of the board.

Dr. Wood made a motion to the ef-  
fect that no one who has lived at the  
Leper Settlement as a kokua be allow-  
ed to go at large until he has been ex-  
amined by the physician at Kalahe or by  
one of the physicians of the board, and  
that none of the clothing of any such  
people be allowed to pass until com-  
pletely disinfected by the hot-air plant.  
Carried unanimously.

A communication from Brothers  
Jenkins and Hancock of the Church of  
Jesus Christ, at Waialae, Maui, asking  
that they be allowed to visit the Leper  
Settlement in the interests of their  
church. Petition granted.

Dr. Oliver's report for the year end-  
ing December 31, 1896, dwelling on  
matters at the Leper Settlement, with  
an accompanying letter, was read.

Dr. McWayne's resignation as agent  
of the Board of Health in North Kona,  
was received and accepted.

Dr. Moore, who was appointed as  
Government physician in Hilo, in place  
of Dr. Williams, resigned, signified his  
willingness to come to Honolulu to  
confer with the board in case that  
body so desired.

A letter was received from Dr. Ash-  
mead of New York city on points re-  
lating to the leprosy congress, to be  
held in Moscow from August 19 to 29,  
1897. He stated that an invitation  
would soon be sent to the Hawaiian  
Government.

Health Agent Reynolds reported on  
his recent visit to the hospital at Wai-  
luku, which was substantially the  
same as an article published in a re-  
cent issue of this paper. Upon his  
statement being made that galvanized  
roofs for the main and other buildings  
would cost about \$800, there was a  
prolonged whistle on the part of the  
members of the board.

The board decided to authorize Mr.  
Reynolds to make repairs on the Wai-  
luku Hospital, these not to exceed  
\$1,000.

President Smith presented the plans  
for a hospital at Hilo, made by Mr.  
Reynolds. In drawing up these he had  
to figure very closely, since \$2,500 is  
all the money that can be spent on  
such a building.

President Smith suggested that Mr.  
Reynolds go to Hilo on the next Ki-  
kui to look thoroughly into the matter  
of a hospital and to make all arrange-  
ments—in fact, to take all steps for  
the erection of the hospital. This was  
put into the form of a motion and car-  
ried.

In a report from the Custom House  
it was stated that during the year  
1896 there were received in Honolulu  
48 packages of pills and other opium  
to the value of \$1,439, this imported  
by Chinese only.

The board then passed the following  
resolutions:

1. That hereafter any importation of  
opium or preparation thereof contain-  
ing more than 1½ per cent of mor-  
phine or its average equivalent in  
crude opium may be allowed to pass  
the Custom House, as other goods, up-  
on the presentation of importers of a  
special permit from the secretary of  
the board, all assays to be at the ex-  
pense of said importers.

2. That the present importation of  
opium, consigned to a large Chinese  
house, be assayed by Professor Lyons  
and George W. Smith, and that special  
permits be issued for the same.



**New York Legislature to Investigate Trusts—Enormous Sugar Season at Watsohville.**

**KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 22.**—Admiral received here today that the Spanish gunboat Cometa has been captured and burned by the insurgents.

The Cometa, which was one of the Spanish fleet's smaller Spanish gunboats in Cuban waters, has been cruising around Cardenas to prevent the landing of filibuster expeditions. For some time the boat has been accustomed to firing its guns at the small fishing boats when the gunboat anchored was favorable for an attack from the shore. The insurgents opened on the vessel with a 12-pound Hotchkiss gun. The vessel was hit several times and was abandoned by shots from the Hotchkiss gun, and while the crew was in confusion boats loaded with insurgents left the shore and the Cometa was boarded. A small boat landed on the beach and placed a flag at the back of the gunboat. The Cuban

THE LATEST PICTURE OF EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.  
Ex-Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, who is now in the United States on a secret mission, has renounced her claim to the crown, but is said to be interested in the claim of Princess Kaiulani, the heiress presumptive.

There is a little danger that bacteria may be transferred on coins. Metals are fatal to microbes. The *Vietnam Medical Gazette* says that at a temperature of 95 to 199 degrees Fahrenheit, which is common in pockets where money is carried, the destruction of microbes occurs within three hours.

Probability of an Extra Session.  
Drafting the Tariff Bill—1 1-2  
Cent Sugar Duty.



REED AND THE CABLE.  
Belief that He is Opposed to the Hawaiian Line.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—There will be no Pack cable legislation this session, according to the House, which has a change of heart. At least that is the belief of the members of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, which, having reported the Scrymgeour bill, is confronted by peculiar conditions in the Shipping bill.

At the hearing on Friday last Gen. Warren expressed in convincing a loud argument, that if any company should be denied his in office ingredients for

Paterson of Tennessee said it had been charged that the Strymmer company was in sympathy with or had connection with the Japanese. He said that the Japanese consul at Honolulu said of course his company would expect to do English business. Paterson said there should be inserted in the bill that the Japanese consul should not come under British influence.

Strymmer referred to Swayne's statement that Japan wanted to cable connect with Hawaii. He said that the Chinese and Chinese telegraph lines were dependent upon and controlled by the Russian lines. The Svalking company, he said, had a cable line to Japan. He said his line to Japan would save the people of that country more than a million dollars in tolls.

"The Japanese," he said, "are docking into Hawaii now. This country is going to have a control with Japan or some other power to control Hawaii. It is now possible to have a cable line there as soon as possible."

Strymmer did not like the idea of leaving the making of the contract with the Japanese to the Japanese consul. The master General will not have time to act, and we don't know who the next master General is or what his next move will be. The American attitude of the members of the committee developed a wide difference of opinion.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Ways and Means Committee is hard at work on the schedules, with the prospect that the task of making up the first draft of the bill will be completed by Jan. 25. Export member feels that the country is watching the labors of the committee closely, and that on its work depends the return of prosperity so greatly desired. While it is not yet possible to say whether or not, it will be called finally settled.

Wool is a stumbling block. While it is certain that wool will be taken from the free list, it is now believed that not more than a small duty will be placed on the raw material.

Statements are now made that sugar will receive the protection against or at least 1 cent a pound on a polarization basis. The tariff on sugar has been advocated as the most advantageous for California beet growers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 25.—The remains of Albert S. Willis, Minister to Haiti, reached Louisville last night, accompanied by Mrs. Willis and son, Albert S. Willis, Col. James Tucker of Virginia, the personal representative of President Cleveland, and W. H. Dulaney, father of Mrs. Albert S. Willis, who met the funeral party at Chicago. The remains will lie at the home of Mr. Dulaney until Tuesday morning at 10.30, but in consideration of the wishes of Mrs. Willis the casket will not be opened.

Shaped from Honolulu with Mrs. W. W. Diamond, arrived here tonight. He was met at the train by W. E. Wilson, his father, and Miss Wilson, his sister. When asked for a story concerning his elopement with Mrs. Diamond he refused to talk.

AN EXTRA SESSION.  
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 25.—Unless he should change his mind in the mean time, President-elect McKinley will call an extra session of Congress for Monday, March 15. This information was given to Congressman-elect Sturdevant by McKinley in Canton a few days ago.

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## BADLY SHAKEN UP

Kishm Island Visited by a Seismic Wave.

## DISTURBANCE FELT AT BOMBAY

France Wants an Arbitration Treaty.

Spaniards Poison Their Own Troops—Diseases Attack British Troops in India.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A special from Teheran, the Persian capital, says that 2,500 persons perished in the earthquake on Kishm Island on the 11th of January.

Kishm Island, otherwise known as Kishm, is the largest island in the Persian Gulf, and is 70 miles long, with an average breadth of 12 miles. It is surrounded by a group of smaller islands, and has a population estimated at about 5,000. Most of the inhabitants were Arabs, poor, ignorant, and extremely superstitious. The value of buildings destroyed was, of course, comparatively small, but the loss of life and the sufferings inflicted upon the survivors are appalling to contemplate.

Kishm town, the capital of the island, had a rude fortification, and was the convenient stopping place and trading station for coasting ships, some of which were built at the little port. It is believed that small shipping craft were destroyed by the earthquake, and that the details of the disaster will be harrowing in the extreme.

The island of Kishm, which belongs to the Imam of Muscat, is situated about 15 miles from the mouth of the Persian Gulf.

Specials from Bombay also report three severe earthquake shocks at that point, but there are no particulars as to results.

FRANCE WANTS ARBITRATION.  
Anxious to Make a Treaty With the United States.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The Standard's Vienna dispatch says: An inspired Paris correspondent of the Politische Correspondenz learns that France is meditating the negotiation of a treaty of arbitration with the United States similar to the Anglo-American treaty. Such a treaty would be very welcome in France, and the prospects for its conclusion are in no way unfavorable.

REFORMING THE TURK.  
Official Correspondence of England and Turkey.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Official correspondence between Great Britain and Russia, published here today, shows that the Marquis of Salisbury on October 20th proposed that the Embassies at Constantinople should formulate reforms to be enforced by the powers. M. Schichkine, the then Acting Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, replied on November 15th, saying that the Czar had decided that it was impossible to agree to coercive measures against the Sultan. But on November 20th there was a further communication to the effect that the Czar had agreed to the Marquis of Salisbury's proposal and would not object to advise the Russian Ambassador relative to coercion should the Sultan prove recalcitrant and refuse to adopt the reforms unanimously recommended by the Embassies.

At the end of December France consented to the proposals of the Marquis of Salisbury, to which Germany, Austria and Italy had previously agreed.

THE HORRORS OF WAR.  
Terrible Results of the Poisoning of a V.

CINCINNATI.—A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West says: A horrible story comes from Jumento, province of Santa Clara, telling of quick retribution to the Spaniards for their butchery and barbarous methods of warfare.

A Spanish force under Captain Martelli entered the place, which had been the camp of the insurgents, and before going away secretly poisoned a well and a spring noted for affording excellent, pure water. That evening a Spanish band of guerrillas entered the town after the others had left and used the water, from which over twenty-five men died. The guerrillas charged the Cuban residents with poisoning his men. He took the principal residents and shot them dead. He then turned the women over to the tender mercies of the men, who shot young boys who attempted to save their mother and sisters. He burned the village.

The next day some of the Spanish troops told the guerrillas the story of the trap they had set for the Cubans, and learned that their own companions in arms had been caught by their own barbarous plots.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.  
General Weyler Uses the Torch on Cuban Villages.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—A special from Key West, Fla., says: Spanish guerrillas surrounded Las Palmeras, twenty miles south of Artemisa, at midnight and fired all the dwellings. As the inmates rushed out they were shot down, women and children as well as men. Many perished in the flames rather than face the Spanish bullets. When morning came more than fifty bodies were seen among the ruins. The

guerrillas fled after looting the two stores which the flames had spared. A Cuban band, attracted by the firing, came up two hours later and started after the Spaniards. Catching up to them a fight ensued and out of seventy guerrillas thirty-five only escaped. General Weyler has burned four villages since starting out, warning the people to move to the larger places, which are garrisoned.

WEYLER'S FALSE REPORTS.  
They Cause Madrid Officials to Talk About Reforms.

LONDON, Eng. Jan. 24.—The Standard's Madrid correspondent telegraphs that the belief is held in official circles that the scheme of colonial reforms applicable to Cuba will be published at the beginning of February, owing to the favorable reports of the situation in the islands, sent by Captain-General Weyler.

BRITISH TROOPS STRICKEN.  
Infection Is Passed by the People of France.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton, replying in the House of Commons today to questions based on the statement made in the India press that only 24,000 of the whole British garrison were free from contagious disease in some shape or other, and that 522 per 1,000 of the troops were actually incapacitated by disease, admitted that there were 522 hospital cases per 1,000, but the average permanent incapacitation due to disease being 46 per 1,000. He added that a department commission was now inquiring into the subject, and on the receipt of its reports the Government will carefully consider the whole question.

THE SCARE IN FRANCE.  
Subsidence of the Recent Alarm in Marseilles.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 25.—The alarm caused by nine sudden deaths in one street here on Saturday, which was followed by the report that they were due to the plague, which is ravaging in Bombay, has subsided to a great extent owing to the firm stand taken by the Government officials. They most emphatically insist that all the deaths were due to infectious pneumonia. The scare, however, has had a good effect in making the authorities redouble their efforts to guard against the introduction of the plague through any of the ports designated for the landing of merchandise from India.

Above the Clouds.  
LONDON, Jan. 17.—A dispatch from Mendoza, Argentina, to the Chronicle says that a telegram has been received there from the Fitzgerald expedition, reporting that a Swiss guide, Zurbigen, had reached the summit of a peak in the Andes over 24,000 feet above the sea level, after the third attempt.

New Test of Death.  
LONDON, Jan. 17.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Chronicle says: Professor Friedrich of Elbing has notified the Vienna Academy of his discovery of a new kind of Roentgen ray which will infallibly determine in a subject whether death or catalepsy has intervened.

Writing to Congress a Rival.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The sugar trust is going into the coffee roasting business in earnest. The demolition of an old sugar house in Williamsburg, Brooklyn, has been begun and a new coffee roasting plant of very large capacity is going to be put upon the site immediately.

Trial of a Torpedo Boat.  
NEWPORT (R. I.), Jan. 20.—Torpedo boat No. 6 was taken out of Narragansett bay today for her first speed trial. She was taken over a measured mile course under three boilers and a full head of steam. The boat was in charge of Captain Nat Herreshoff, and the result of her first work was 26.55 knots an hour, with a steam pressure of 180 pounds, leaving forty pounds in reserve to make the speed of 27½ knots, which is required by the contract. The builders say that this can be done with ease.

Serious Trouble in Africa.  
CAPE TOWN, Jan. 20.—The native uprising at Griqualand is growing more serious and the whites are lagging. The sons of Chief Lerethod of Basaland have revolted.

Pure Nickel for Minor Coins.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures today heard Joseph W. Heaton of Philadelphia in support of a measure to make our minor coins out of pure nickel. Such a change, he said, would improve the appearance of the coins.

To Kill the Dervishes.  
LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Daily News' Rome correspondent asserts that active negotiations are on foot to arrange for Anglo-Italian expedition against the Dervishes.

Famine in Rhodesia.  
LONDON, Jan. 25.—A Cape Town dispatch to the Daily Mail says reports have been received there that famine exists in Rhodesia. Thousands of the native officials of Bulawayo, clamoring pitifully for food. The natives are flocking to Bulawayo and exhuming the carcases of cattle which died from rinderpest and which were buried six months ago. They devour these and, as a consequence, a terrible mortality prevails among them.

The Manitoba Schools.  
LONDON, Jan. 25.—The newspapers give prominence to the proposed terms for the settlement of the Catholic school dispute in Manitoba and the probable action of the Pope, who is said to be considering the compromise phase of the question. Sir Donald Smith, the Canadian High Commis-

sioner, states that the agreement published today does not reveal anything but what is already known and published in Canada.

Sailed Over a Dangerous Bar.  
ASTORIA, Or., Jan. 25.—The barkentine Tam o' Shanter, Captain Patterson, from San Francisco, lost her anchor in the Columbia river, near Clapton, this morning, and the vessel immediately started to drift to sea. While passing south spit it was thought the vessel would go ashore, but an east wind having sprung up, she spread her sails just before reaching the bar and sailed outside in safety.

Proposed Cable Legislation.  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today favorably reported a bill, asserting that the shore end of any new submarine telegraphic cable which shall be protected in any foreign country by exclusive landing rights or other special privileges shall not be permitted to land in this country without the consent of Congress.

On a Cruise for Curios.  
SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 25.—The schooner Wahlberg, which took arms and ammunition to Honolulu during the revolution in 1894 and was afterward seized at this port, was today sold to Professor Anthony of the Smithsonian institution, who will fit out the schooner to sail down the Mexican coast on a cruise for curios.

War S In the South.  
SAN DIEGO, Jan. 25.—The United States steamer Monadnock arrived here yesterday and is anchored with the Monterey in the harbor for a six months stay. The Oregon has sailed for Acapulco, and is expected to return with the flagship Philadelphia February 10th.

Birth of a Noble Russian.  
ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 25.—The Grand Duchess Xenia, sister of the Czar and wife of the Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, has given birth to a son. She married on August 6, 1894.

## THE MYTHICAL ISLAND.

No Truth in the Statement That Hawaii Will Add to Its Territory.

An afternoon paper published a few days ago an account of a mythical island somewhere off the coast of Guatemala which this Government expected to take possession of. The story is believed to have come to Hawaii through some returning passengers on the Coptic.

Hon. W. O. Smith was spoken to yesterday afternoon regarding the matter and he denies absolutely that there is any truth in the matter. "So far as this Government is aware," he said, "the island has no existence. Mr. Neumann's visit to Guatemala was on business connected with the trade relations between that Government and this, and the possibility of a steamship line, a point in which I had very little faith as they grow coffee and sugar there the same as we do here. He was given a commission to act in a sort of official way because it would make it easier for him. There was no talk of an island before he went away or since his return, nor was there any correspondence on the subject during his stay here."

To the idea that Hawaii was to add to its possessions was exploded in a paragraph. The addition of a territory so far away was the thought of some one whose ambition may have been to compete with others for a design for a new coat of arms or a great seal for the eight bars would have to be changed as well as several other accessories on the present design.

A few months ago, Mr. Byron Every, of Woodstock, Mich., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. His right leg was swollen the full length, causing him great suffering. He was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first bottle of it helped him considerably and the second bottle effected a cure. The 25 and 50 cent sizes are for sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

J. F. O'Connor received a fine greyhound by the Australia, and immediately presented the animal to his friend, Capt. Ernest Renkin of the mounted patrol.

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As the swift years steal away.  
Beautiful, willowy forms so slim  
Lose fairness with every day.  
But she still is queen and hath charms to spare  
Who wears youth's coronal—beautiful hair.

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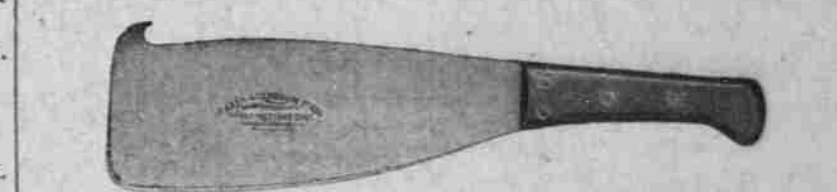
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We have just received ex Bark "Edward May" a fresh supply from Cleveland, and can supply immediately, or at any time specified, any quantity required.



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## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1897.

## "INVOLUNTARY SERVITUDE."

The Supreme Court of the United States has recently made a very important decision regarding penal contract labor. It is especially interesting to us by reason of our contract labor system. Several sailors shipped in the States on the Arago, and signed the articles. In Astoria, Oregon, they deserted and were arrested there. They at once sued out a writ of habeas corpus, and insisted on the right to be released on the ground that they could not be lawfully arrested for violating their contract, as such arrest was forbidden by the Thirteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, which declares that there shall be no "involuntary servitude."

The case finally reached the Supreme Court, and that court was called upon to decide whether a penal labor contract was really unconstitutional.

The court decided that it is constitutional; that there is no "involuntary servitude" if the person contracting is at the time free to do so and there is no fraud in it.

Justice Harlan, in a dissenting opinion, held that it was a very serious matter to allow a penal enforcement of such a contract, and he thought that if it was declared constitutional the different States might in time pass very objectionable laws; that they might pass laws under which domestic servants might be imprisoned.

The majority of the court held, however, that in the case of seamen it had been for many years the practice to enforce the penal laws as contained in the Revised Statutes; that it was absolutely necessary to do so in order to protect navigation. A disputed point is, therefore, now settled, and there was no involuntary servitude in it.

So far as we can judge from the imperfect dispatches on the subject, received in San Francisco, the court has carefully confined its ruling to the case of seamen, and has in no way intimated that it applies to any other form of labor contract. It recognizes the necessity of avoiding the crippling of voyages by the desertion of crews, and illustrates the necessity of it by citing the case of enlisted soldiers, who may be punished in the event of desertion.

The comment on this decision is that communities or States do pass inconsistent laws, if it is believed that the welfare of the public requires it. A sailor may be "jugged" if he refuses to fulfill his contract. A farm hand will go free if he refuses to work. If you challenge the practical law maker on this point, he simply replies: "This is the only way we can make the thing go, and there is no use of speculating about it." It is another instance of the fact that laws are only what the people think ought to be done, for the time being, and that they may be altered to suit convenience or whims.

## SUFFERING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The papers from the States give very sad accounts of the terrible distress due, in some measure, to the severe cold weather. The Mayor of Chicago has issued a special proclamation asking for money and aid for the poor. But it is not the cold weather only that creates such a condition of things in the land of the free and the home of the brave. There is, and there must be, some serious cause for this general misery which has settled over the entire country for several years. It pen-

etrates life everywhere. The rich are cramped, those with moderate means are in trouble, the poor are in misery. Land which the European peasant hangers for is as cheap as dirt everywhere in the United States. Food is cheap. Clothing is cheap. Yet from the Atlantic to the Pacific there is one great sea of sad upturned faces, while the wrecked homes dot the country everywhere. All this on the soil of a great virgin continent, with liberty to each one to carve out his own fortune, and all living under laws which allow the widest play of individual talent.

"He who breaks, pays." The penalty of the violation of economic laws is suffering. In the mad race for wealth in the United States there come periods of exhaustion, and all lie down and pant in the dust. The insatiable thirst for gold consumes the American soul. "There is no god but gold, and speculation is his prophet." The prophet tries to make a better state of things, but the mad crowd of speculators, Jew and Gentile, Christian and freeman, rush in, and the pulpits lie by the roadside, upset, twisted, in splinters.

## THE TEACHERS.

The ability, character and enthusiasm of our school teachers is a comfort to those of us who know how these quiet workers are building up individual character. In no place beyond the boundaries of the old countries is there more intelligence and knowledge of the latest and best methods of teaching shown than in our own school conventions. They are making brave attempts to get away from the miserable traditions which have made the lives of children most miserable, instead of glad surprise and thrilling interest in learning.

If the Angel of Light touched the earth, he would size up the character of each community by asking, not who are the millionaires, but "What is the character of your teachers, and what do you pay them?" When the world is a little older we shall find that the instructors are the grenadiers of civilization, the sappers and miners too, pushing and marching and leading into the vast wilderness of the material and spiritual world.

The Japanese put the merchant at the bottom of the social ladder. We of the Anglo-Saxon race have nearly done so with the teachers in the past, to the disgrace of our civilization. But we are doing better now. The hope of each state is in the best work of the teachers. It is through them that we shall see the gradual decline of the age of the dollar, and the rise of the age of character and goodness.

Whatever the fate of our Islands may be, it will in due time be seen that the best work here is in the broad and liberal education of the children. Those who have it in charge hold the most responsible positions in the state. Government here, as elsewhere, is generally only a policeman, who "runs in" the physical and moral "drunks." It is only the finger of the social force. It keeps men from hitting each other. But the teacher deals with the very sources of individual and national life. So we must stand by our instructors as very important forces in our social and political life.

## THE JAPANESE MERCANTILE MARINE.

It was believed that the laws passed by the Japanese Diet for encouraging ship building and navigation would quickly put a large fleet of vessels on the ocean, and Japanese agents have warmed the hearts of the Californians by holding out the promise of a new commerce.

But the Government is so strict in its application of the law that the building of ships is delayed.

Unless the construction of the vessel is strictly in accordance with the law, no bounty will be paid. The steamship companies ask for a liberal interpretation of the law, but the Government insists on the strictest. Several vessels already built must be reconstructed to some extent. Probably some satisfactory arrangement will be reached and the fleet will go into business.

Dr. McGrew's letter on the subject of annexation appears in another place; also his views on "missionaries."

The fact is, the Doctor has been for many years a missionary himself, but in service in another regiment. He has left to the "missionaries the care of saving the souls of the perishing heathen, and has devoted himself to saving their bodies and souls by bringing them under the benign laws of a Christian country which forbids heathenism. The laws of a powerful state the heathen must obey. The teaching of the missionaries they may neglect with impunity. Whittier said that under the buckeye of the free States the slave hunter could not rest. Dr. McGrew feels that under the same American buckeye the wicked heathen will be equally uncomfortable. The missionaries are pious in one direction; the Doctor is pious in another direction. Both are working for the good of mankind, and if they tread on one another's toes sometimes, it is only an incident in the struggle for the supreme good of all.

The Doctor says these new converts have been inconsistent. Inconsistency is one of the evidences of the difference between man and the monkey. Inconsistency means growth. Man grows. The monkey don't.

As the Doctor sees the growth of the annexation sentiment, he should open the facets and flood the town with a deluge of forgiveness. If the "missionaries" do not cover him with a returning flood of the same kind, they are wicked indeed, and we, who are a member of that body by heredity, will send in our resignation at once, and rejoice when calamity overtakes them.

Secretary of State Olney has struck a snag. The greater Republic of South America, which now includes Nicaragua, does not like the terms of the canal concession made to the Americans by Nicaragua, and it is quite possible that in some way not now apparent international questions may arise. Under Mr. Olney's arbitration treaty with Great Britain it is possible that the question of the Monroe doctrine might be in issue. The United States does not propose to leave that to any arbitration. In spite of Mr. Olney's sagacity and the researches of the State Department, it is impossible to look far into the future—or, in other words, look around the corner.

The Senators will sharply criticize the proposed treaty. In the mean time the American administration finds out that the Spanish Republics are not such lovely creatures, and may become very unruly. The cranky professors and scholars predicted trouble, but they were advised to shut themselves up in their studies and keep out of politics.

The New York papers state that Mrs. Bradley-Martin, a woman of great wealth, conspicuous for her hospitality in New York and London, is about to give a grand ball in New York, the cost of which will be enormous. Dr. Rainsford, the able preacher and reformer, protests against such a display of wealth, because it inflames the minds of the poor. In a similar case, when one of the Vanderbilt women gave a ball, several years ago, costing \$250,000, she gave the items of expenditure and showed that the working people got the benefit of it. It did not meet the case. She for-

got the power of example. If the poor only knew how little the rich get out of these entertainments, there would be no feeling of anger against them. But the poor believe that money brings happiness, and they will believe it, without discriminating between what it brings and don't bring. We have personally known ten men who have committed suicide, each one of them having an annual income of over \$20,000. Tired of life was the cause.

The number of persons in America who believe that there is an unequal distribution of wealth is increasing. Some rich men with broad views believe it. There is a growing disposition among the educated and intelligent rich men to avoid any display of wealth, in order to avoid provoking the angry feelings of the socialists. President Cleveland, who is falsely represented to be a rich man, said recently that one of the coming dangers of the Republic is in the accumulation of capital in the wrong hands. The world is yet a mere child in the use of riches.

The painful controversy between "Sybil" and "A Yale Student" must end. "Sybil" spoke of Yale as Mother Yale because Yale is the Alma Mater (cherishing Mother) and is always spoken of as such. "Yale Student" says he is one of the "sons of Eli" (Eli Yale, the founder), and objects to the term Mother Yale. A stranger stops a Yorkshire laborer, who is leading a child, in the road. "What a pretty girl it is," said the stranger. "No," said the Yorkshireman, "it's an 'im, sir, not an 'er." Is Yale an 'im or an 'er? Of course Sybil, standing on the letter of "Alma Mater," has the best of it. But a biologist might say that Yale is, like the European oyster, bisexual. We incline to take this view. We should like to hear from the alumni on the subject.

Next, did the Yale boys behave badly when Mr. Bryan made a most "aggravating" speech in New Haven? Some of them did and some did not. In our time, in that venerable bisexual institution, cat-calls and such things were a part of the natural, not the prescribed, course of study. They were effective means in suppressing the spread of false doctrines. One cat-call in a large assembly has more effect than a thousand minutes of silence. Mr. Bryan should have known this. Why do not the learned alumni of Yale come forward and settle the question? Are they, like Kathleen Mavourneen, "slumbering still," while the horn of the hunter is blowing blasts of defiance against the good name of our dear old 'im or 'er? But the controversy must now end.

The report that a Japanese ship of war will be stationed in this port is probably true. It has, however, little significance. Japan has a large navy with nothing to do. The commerce of the country is with nations that do not need much looking after, so the fleets are kept near home. The opposition in the Diet can always make an issue with the Government on the employment of these idle vessels. The Naniwa was stationed here in 1893. Members of the Diet attacked the Government because it saw no reason to send a war ship here. So one was sent. At the same time, the existence in these Islands of such a large number of Japanese would influence the Government to station a vessel here as a mere looker-on. Japan is not, we believe, looking eastward for territory. She is on the best of terms with the United States, and regards Hawaii as the little roast pig of the American luan. There always will be rumors of interference. Those who are not in the way of getting at the truth may be disturbed by them without sufficient cause. What may happen by reason of our voluntary invitation too large

immigration of Japanese is another matter. We may be dragging the Japanese Government into our affairs.

The annexation party in Hawaii will not find much comfort in the coming appointment of John Sherman for Secretary of State. The concluding paragraph of Sherman's "Recollections" says: "The events of the future are beyond the vision of mankind, but I hope that our people will be content with internal growth and avoid the complications of foreign acquisitions. Our family of States is already large enough to create embarrassment in the Senate, and a Republic should not hold dependent provinces or possessions. Every new acquisition will create embarrassments. Canada and Mexico as independent Republics will be more valuable to the United States than if carved into additional States. The Union already embraces discordant elements enough without adding others. If my life is prolonged, I will do all I can to add to the strength and prosperity of the United States, but nothing to extend its limits or to add new dangers by acquisition of foreign territory." As President-elect McKinley was in no way oblivious to the position of Mr. Sherman on foreign politics when he tendered him the portfolio of Secretary of State, the character of his own foreign policy may be forecasted from this extract.

The S. F. Chronicle makes the above extract from Mr. Sherman's Recollections, and comments on the same. We need no discouragement at the apparent opposition to annexation in Mr. Sherman's mind. He is entirely committed to the views of his own party, on the subject of the control of these islands, and he is not the man to start off in independent ways. Besides, while he has always been opposed to the general principle of annexation of new territories, he has stood by his party, in its policy towards these islands, and that policy has consistently been ultimate annexation.

The opinions regarding the annexation of these islands given by certain United States Senators to an inquirer residing here, are of the horse-shod kind. Senators, in these days, are asked for all sorts of opinions, and as the servants of the dear people, generally respond with more or less ambiguity, generally more. On large public questions, they are compelled often to hold pronounced views. On a question like that of annexation, which is not really a national issue, they would not be pronounced, until the occasion calls for it. Any one familiar with the proceedings of the American Congress knows that the members constantly change their opinions, and the opponent of today may be the friend of tomorrow. For this reason, horse-shod opinions of the kind sent here, are of little value.

The civil power of the State of California appears to be unable to control the Chinese highbinders. The Chinese buy their way, and pay high prices. Their money power is stronger than the moral power of the State. The Tsar of Russia would quickly scatter such undesirable people, but a democracy is impotent before an organized money power, until the tide of indignation rises. Then it is tidal and sweeps almost cruelly. Money, like oil on the waters, calms down the sea of indignation. So, in San Francisco, is the spectacle of a compact lot of aliens doing about as they please to do, and the police look on. There is something suggestive to us in this when we regard our own future.

The reason of Mrs. Dominis' visit with President Cleveland is, no doubt, largely due to the broad statesmanship of Capt. Palmer. He would naturally advise her to "browse around a little," take observations, and if the Hawaiian tree shook out any plums, catch some as they fell. As Mr. Cleveland will soon be out of office, she was under some obligation to thank him for past favors before he left. At the same time, this served to bring Capt. Palmer be-

fore the nation, so that if he succeeds in bringing about a restoration, and in contracting an alliance, he can write his next book "from Cape Cod to a Throne."

The latest accounts from Cuba are that the revolutionists are about to use torpedo boats for the destruction of the Spanish war ships. Many have wondered why such boats have not been employed before this, as they would end the war, if effectively used. It has not been done because the cost of such boats has been beyond the means of the revolutionists. If contributions are now sufficient to enable them to purchase there will soon be new and startling events on the Cuban coast.

We are all mourners, in the death of John H. Paty. He has spent his days in these islands, has been a good citizen, an excellent business man, and a good husband and father. He comes of the old stock in these islands, of the men who were here, when the nation was founded. His birth was almost of even date, with that of the Constitution of Kamehameha III. With reverence we follow his remains to their final resting place, for we have lost a good man.

## SAMOAN EXILES.

It is currently reported throughout Apia that the King and Government are using their influence in endeavoring to bring about the return of some of the chiefs, who, with Mataafa, were exiled to the Marshall Islands. We understand that Mataafa himself is not included in the list of those who are desired to be pardoned. The pardoning is entirely a question of argument, but if any are pardoned, why not all?—Samoa Herald.

## FROM THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Fernandina, Fla., Feb. 28, 1896.  
Mr. J. George Suhrer, Drugist, City.  
Dear George:—Please send a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I would not feel easy if I knew there was none of this valuable Remedy in the house. I have given it a fair test and consider it one of the very best remedies for cough that I have ever found. One dose has always been sufficient, although I use it freely. Any cold my children contract yields very readily to this medicine. I can conscientiously recommend it for cough and colds in children.

Yours respectfully,  
GEO. E. WOLFF.  
Sold by all druggists and dealers.  
Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

A fine specimen of cotton, raised by John Tracy, at his home on Pensacola street, was brought to this office yesterday. He has only one tree, but the growth is of the finest, showing what is possible with the soil in the locality in which he lives.

The police court takes in on an average of \$700 a month, enough to pay for the Judge, Marshal, Deputy Marshal and Clerk of the Court.

A special trip will be made by the Waiialeale. She will leave at 12 noon today.

## Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than any other proprietary medicine. This is because it possesses greater medicinal merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that

Tells the Story.  
All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy Hood's Sarsaparilla almost to the exclusion of all others.

Customers Want Hood's.  
"We order Hood's Sarsaparilla in large quantities and it is the only blood purifier which a druggist can buy in large quantities without risk. It is selling very rapidly and customers who buy it once are sure to call for Hood's the next time. We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla must possess true merit in order to retain its popularity. Its sales exceed all similar preparations and its praises are often heard."  
L. SORRELL & SON, Springfield, Illinois.  
Thousands of druggists say the same.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY,  
Wholesale Agents.



## SCHOOL MATTERS

## Discussed in Bureau of Education Yesterday.

No Private Kindergarten on High School Grounds—Certificates From Normal School.

Minister Cooper, Inspector General Townsend, Deputy Inspector Scott, Mrs. Phillingham, Mrs. Jordan, H. M. von Holt and Secretary Rodgers were present at a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Education at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Townsend reported that Mr. Landis had appointed Miss A. Beers as teacher at Waipio.

Mr. Townsend asked what was to be done in the cases of persons who attended the Normal School the first year and had been promised temporary certificates. He hoped that the school would be able to give diplomas at the end of the two years' course. The school was of a high standard, perhaps as efficient as any in the United States, and would be justified in issuing diplomas.

Then followed considerable discussion on the matter of the character of certificate to be given. Mr. Scott said the certificate was valuable only for its "looks" and should be neat. Some one else suggested that it was worth \$150 a year, and was not transferable. The matter was referred to the Inspector General with instructions to find out what can be done.

Mr. Townsend reported a request from Mrs. J. L. Dumas to be allowed to start a small kindergarten, with about 12 pupils, at the High School premises. Mr. von Holt objected to allowing a private enterprise on the public school grounds. Miss Manning had been refused a cottage on the grounds for the same reason. The applicant could get a hall down town, if the school were necessary. Referred to the Inspector General for investigation.

Mr. Townsend brought up the matter of having Hawaiian taught in the schools. He said native pupils conversed at their homes in their own language, but invariably read in English. Most of them, while fluent in their tongue, could not read in Hawaiian. Law, in Hawaiian, was suggested as a good study and exercise with which to impart the art of reading. No action taken.

Mr. Scott reported that, with the consent of Minister Cooper, he had employed Mr. Taggerd to assist in getting out the annual report, and he would suggest that he be placed on the pay-roll from February 1st. He will go to work at Waianae on February 15th.

Mr. Needham reported that a man had been engaged to teach harness-making at the Reformatory School five evenings per week at \$25 a month. Approved.

Mr. Townsend exhibited some excellent specimens of vertical writing from the Kaulawala School. The writing was accomplished after a couple of weeks' practice. Mr. Townsend suggested that the board should officially declare itself in favor of the style, so that all teachers of the islands might understand it. It must be understood, however, the vertical system is not absolutely required. The suggestion was adopted.

Aux. Ahrens resigned from the office of school agent at Waianae. Accepted. D. Carter, the new manager, and Mr. Gilliland were suggested. Mr. Scott was asked to see Mr. Gilliland about the matter.

Under a general head, Mr. Scott stated the number of school children in Honolulu had increased 500 during the past year. With the subject of trust officers, it was decided to warn them that the way of arresting school children like cattle must stop.

## AT BRITISH CONSULATE.

Elaborate Banquet and Ball Given by Maj. A. G. S. Hawes.

The reception and dance, given by Mr. A. G. S. Hawes, the British Commissioner, in honor of the commander and officers of H. B. M. S. Icarus, at the Consulate, Palama, last evening, was a most delightful affair. The interior of the spacious residence was handsomely decorated for the occasion with flags, flowers and greenery. The invited guests, as they arrived, were ushered into the dressing rooms by Mr. Edward Stiles. In the main parlor they were received by Commissioner Hawes, who was assisted by Mrs. F. M. Swanzy and Mr. T. R. Walker, the British Vice Consul. The reception lasted somewhat over half an hour, after which dancing commenced to the strains of the Hawaiian National Quintette Club, stationed on the rear veranda. The program contained some 14 dances. The floor managers were Major Potter, Messrs. A. St. M. Mackintosh and D. Shanks. Between the dances social conversation was the order and everyone present appeared to thoroughly enjoy themselves.

Commissioner Hawes is a genial host, and had spared no pains to make the event as it was a decidedly pleasant one. Light refreshments were served during the evening, and shortly after 11 o'clock the guests sat down to an elegant supper in the large dining hall. Dancing was continued for some time after the supper.

Among those present were: Commander Fleet and officers of H. B. M. S. Icarus, Commander Hamford and officers of the U. S. S. Alert, Ellis Mills, United States Charge d'Affaires and Mrs. Mills, Senor A. de Sousa Canavarro, Portuguese Commissioner; Minister H. E. and Mrs. Cooper, Minister S. M. and Mrs. Damon, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. G. Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Schaefer, Bishop of Honolulu and Mrs. Willis, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Swanzy, Mr. and Mrs. Porter Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hotting, Dr. and Mrs. Maxwell, Dr. and Mrs. Sloggett,

Dr. and Mrs. Weber, Rev. V. H. Kitchin, Mrs. S. G. Wilder, Mrs. A. T. Atkinson, Rev. Alex. and Mrs. Mackintosh, Sir Robert Herron, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley, Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Miner, Mr. and Mrs. P. Neumann, Dr. Cooper, Dr. Murray, Dr. McGrew, Dr. G. Herbert, Mrs. C. L. Carter, Mrs. Lieut. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dowsett, Mr. and Mrs. Wray Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. G. Smithies, Mr. and Mrs. H. Focke, Mr. and Mrs. G. Boardman, Dr. and Mrs. McLennan, Mr. and Mrs. Du Roi, Mrs. Brennan, Dr. and Mrs. Monsarrat, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane, the Misses McGrew, Walker, Ward, Danford, Carter, Parker, Hassinger, May and Zoe Atkinson, Miss May Halstead, Ladd, Sloggett and Low; Messrs. J. O. Carter, Jr.; G. P. and J. Wilder, J. C. Cook, Joseph Marsden, T. M. Statkey, G. Brown, D. Sloggett, E. Brown, A. M. Brown, W. O. Atkinson, J. A. Bassinger, F. Whitney, R. Atkinson, H. Danford, F. W. James, J. S. Low, L. Hart, N. Schultze, J. F. Humbug, W. H. Pain, Ed Dowsett, W. H. Baird, and others.

## HAWAIIAN STAPLE

## Williams, Dimond &amp; Co.'s Latest Quotations.

Arbuckle's Pushing the Work on the New Brooklyn Sugar Refinery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.—Our telegram from New York of this afternoon quotes London beet, January, at 9s 1½d; market, dull and little doing. Sales of centrifugals to arrive, near by, 11,000 bags at 2 ½-16c for 96 test. Market quiet and steady. Holders are unwilling to sell spot goods, except at an advance. The demand for refined is very light; prices unchanged. Refiners' supplies are large, while grocers' and jobbers' supplies of refined are small. An improvement in demand for refined is expected, as the market looks steady and firm for the present. Estimates of beet and cane crops unchanged. Cuba crop estimated at 100,000 tons. Cane fires continue there. There are no indications of reduced beet sowings. Arbuckle Bros. are working night and day on the foundations of the new Brooklyn Sugar Refinery. Trust certificates quoted at 116½ for common, 103½ for preferred.

COFFEE.—Central American: Last arrivals of Central Americans met with active demand for overland shipment for the finer qualities, absorbing all received. Market is again nearly bare of all kinds, and business is practically at a standstill. The condition of trade in this market has not been generally good since January 1st.

KONA.—Very little has been done in this kind. The two small parcels received on the 20th inst., per Australia, were sold at 18½c, according to grade. One lot, being of better quality, was sold for the latter figure. We quote price at 18½c.

RICE.—Hawaiian: Market is dead. There is very little call from the country districts for the island article, and jobbers will not buy until they are entirely out. Importers are asking 4½c, less 1½c for choice lots, but as yet have been unable to make sales. Louisiana rice cannot be laid down here under 4½c. It is not so much a question of price with island rice, but there seems to be a very light consumption at present.

JAPAN.—Receipts, 6,000 bags, mostly sold prior to arrival for overland shipment. Price, \$3.90, f. o. b., duty paid. WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO.

## Court Notes

Judge Perry is author of a decision issued out of the Circuit Court yesterday in the case of the Wilder Steamship Company vs. the brig Lurline, libel for salvage. The pleadings in the case are found to justify an award. Wilder & Co. claimed \$5,000. The Court thinks this amount inequitable and oppressive, and awards to the libellants as salvage the sum of \$2,500, being one-fourth of \$10,000, the value of the property saved. The sum of \$75 is awarded to Pilot Robert English, and \$90 for the six in equal shares. All costs of the proceedings are charged to the Lurline. Kinney & Ballou for libellant; A. S. Hartwell for respondents.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the decree appealed from in Volney V. Ashford vs. Henry Poor and the Hawaiian Government. In the syllabus the Court says: "The Hawaiian Government is not liable for the appointment by the Postmaster General of a clerk in the Postal Savings Bank to make deposits as trustee for the plaintiff, such an appointment not being within the real or apparent scope of the Postmaster General's official duties, and having been ratified by the plaintiff."

"The Hawaiian Government is not liable for the defalcation of a clerk in the Postal Savings Bank, who, as trustee for the plaintiff, makes a regular withdrawal of money, and fails to account therefor to the plaintiff."

Judge Perry has signed an order allowing the trustees of the estate of the late H. A. P. Carter to pay to the ancillary administrator at Seattle the sum of \$18,500, to enable the Seattle National Bank to close out and liquidate, it being the intention of the stockholders to go out of business.

From everywhere come words of praise for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. "Allow me to congratulate you on the merits of your Remedy. It cured me of chronic bronchitis when the doctor could do nothing for me."—Chas. F. Hemel, Toledo, O. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## FOR RECIPROCITY

## To Be Incorporated in New Tariff Bill.

Ways and Means Committee to Make It Prominent Feature of New Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Reciprocity will certainly be provided for in the new tariff bill. It will, in fact, be one of the most important features of the measure.

Congressman Dilliver of the Ways and Means Committee, spoke thus today when asked to settle the disputed question whether or not the committee would favor a restoration of the reciprocity idea. He continued:

"The details are not entirely settled, but I can give you a pretty good outline. We may not be going to do as we would be done by, but we are going to do as well as we are done. For instance, if Germany and France and other countries persist in discriminating unjustly against our agricultural products, as they are now doing, they will find that we are just as skillful at the game as they are. If they keep at our meats, we will make them pay well for getting their wines and silks into this country."

"All nations sending goods here will find the same duty put on them; but after thereby complying with the requirements of the most favored nation clause, we will give the President the power to proclaim such goods of such nations as do the right thing by our agricultural products will be admitted to this country on payment of a lower duty, which we shall also duly set forth."

"Will free sugar be a part of the reciprocity idea?"

"No. It can't be, for our revenues demand a duty on sugar."

"Do you intend to put a duty on raw sugar from Hawaii?"

"That is regulated by existing treaty. I don't think that that treaty or our present arrangements with that country in regard to sugar will be disturbed. It will not be worth while, because," added Mr. Dilliver, with a smile, "Hawaii will ere long be annexed."

## DIMOND CASE AGAIN.

Four Persons to Be Summoned for Contempt of Court.

Late last evening W. W. Dimond filed a motion in the Circuit Court to cite Mrs. Carrie E. Dimond, Waikuli and Cal Leonard to appear and show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court. The motion was allowed and the summons of the parties will be served this morning.

The petition alleges that Carrie E. Dimond approached one Mollie Sheldon and offered her, first, \$500 and then up to \$1,000 to testify in court against his character. Waikuli is charged with approaching one Lizzie Kinney, at Waikuli, and offering her \$25 and more to testify to the same end. Cal Leonard is charged with being an accomplice in these several negotiations.

## DINNER TO TWENTY.

Jamie Wilder Entertains His Friends at Esplanade.

At his home, Esplanade, in Nuuanu, Wednesday, Jamie Wilder gave a stag dinner in honor of his friends, Messrs. Walter and Herbert Austin of Boston, Mass., who arrived on the Australia Tuesday. There were present the following: Messrs. Harry Gillig, Jerome Hart, Frank Unger, Donald de V. Graham, Alexander Hamilton of the Gillig party; Commander Thomas S. Phelps, Lieut. P. V. Lansdale and Wm. E. Safford, Paymaster W. J. Littell and Ensign F. L. Sawyer of the U. S. S. Alert; Lieut. Wm. F. Slater and Hubert H. Holland, Paymaster E. E. Silk and Mr. Matthews of H. B. M. S. Icarus; and Messrs. E. C. Macfarlane, Edward Dowsett, J. M. Monsarrat, George R. Carter, Gerritt P. Wilder and Samuel G. Wilder.

The dinner finished the following guests arrived to indulge in the good

time that had been prepared. Messrs. Paul Neumann, Samuel Parker, Alexander Mackintosh and Mrs. H. V. Murray and C. B. Cooper.

During the progress of the dinner the guests were treated to the old-time "colloids" and "uini" and "ukeke" hulas by Ioane, the Hawaiian dandy. This, together with music by members of the Hawaiian National Quintette Club, helped to make the time fly by unnoted.

Later in the evening came a pleasant sentiment by Mr. Paul Neumann to the boys, and songs by Donald de V. Graham, Harry Gillig and Lieut. Wm. F. Slater of H. B. M. S. Icarus. In the last Mr. Slater was accompanied on the guitar by Lieut. Wm. E. Safford of the U. S. S. Alert. Mr. Gillig sang "On the Road to Mandalay."

Messrs. Walter and Herbert Austin, for whom the dinner was given, are sons of James W. Austin, the bosom friend of the late S. G. Wilder, and after whom Jamie Wilder is named.

## POPULATION OF ISLANDS.

Official Figures Given Out by Supt. of Census Yesterday.

The official figures of the population of the Hawaiian Islands by nationalities as given out by the Superintendent of census, Alatau T. Atkinson, yesterday, are as follows:

Nationalities.	Male.	Female.	Totals.
Hawaiians	6,389	14,820	31,019
Port. Hawaiians	4,249	4,236	8,485
Americans	4,249	1,111	5,360
Chinese	19,167	2,449	21,616
British	1,406	844	2,250
German	866	556	1,422
French	56	45	101
Norwegian	216	162	378
Portuguese	8,202	6,989	15,191
Japanese	19,212	5,195	24,407
S. S. Islanders	321	134	455
Other Nat'lities	448	152	600
Totals	72,517	36,503	109,020

As will be seen by reference to the list the Hawaiians form the greatest number with 31,019. The Japanese come next and the Chinese third.

## Manager of Waianae.

It is understood that Mr. David Center has been offered the position of manager of Waianae plantation, and that he will accept. Mr. Ahrens goes to the new Oahu plantation. Mr. Center succeeded his brother, Hugh, as manager of Spreckelsville and held that position up to a week ago. He is considered an able man.

## The New Fire Station.

Arthur Harrison has begun work on the new fire house at the corner of Beretania and Fort streets. He will use the Punahou stone, one of the best grades on the island.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

## Sugar 3-16c.

President Dole has returned to his Waikiki cottage.

Mrs. George H. Paris and infant will remain at the Coast about six months.

The bark Albert brought down a fine lot of polled Angus cattle for Kaneohe Ranch.

Health Agent C. B. Reynolds will go to Hilo on the next Kinu to make all arrangements for the erection of the hospital at that place.

Quite a number of the principal business houses of the city were closed yesterday afternoon, out of respect for the death of John H. Paty.

There was a very heavy private sale last week of stock in a sugar plantation on Hawaii. The consideration was \$80,000. The estate is not adjacent to Hilo.

Mr. John Eha, Vice-President of the Inter-Island Company, expects to leave for Kau on the next trip of the Mauna Loa, to look into the matter of the Keanohou road to the Volcano.

Sam Ku, assistant to C. B. Reynolds in the work of arresting and conveying lepers to Kalaheki Receiving Station, handed in his resignation yesterday morning. It was accepted forthwith.

The engagement of Miss Mary Atkinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alatau T. Atkinson, to Arthur M. Brown, Marshal of the Republic of Hawaii, is announced. Congratulations are in order.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Wight returned from San Francisco on the Australia yesterday, bringing their daughter Miss Leslie, who, although in a weak

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,

Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

condition, is recovering from her recent illness.

A battalion of the U. S. S. Alert had shore drill yesterday morning. One of the companies had rapid-fire guns and was rehearsed in artillery movements. Lieutenant Lansdale was in command.

There was no meeting of either the Commissioners of Education or the Board of Health yesterday, out of respect for the death of the late John H. Paty. The meetings have been set for this afternoon at the usual hour.

Captain Fleet and officers of H. B. M. S. Icarus met the President in the Executive chamber at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They were introduced by British Commissioner Capt. A. G. S. Hawes. The guard was paraded and the Government Band was present on the driveway.

Honolulu real estate is in better shape than in years before. Fully 75 per cent of conveyances in the past month or more, filed at the Registrar's office, have been in the shape of clear deeds. For example, take Monday of this week. There were 23 papers filed on that day. One was a chattel mortgage; two, releases; one, a lease; one, bill of sale and 18 deeds.

## TO OUR

Country Friends.

THIS IS WHAT You require, in order to While away the long hours:

Regina Music Box

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked \*

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maui, Kaula, Kaula and Kaula the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesday and Friday.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.

Tuesday ... Feb. 9 Tuesday ... July 27  
Friday ... Feb. 19 Friday ... Aug. 4  
Tuesday ... Mar. 2 Tuesday ... Aug. 17  
Friday ... Mar. 12 Friday ... Aug. 27  
Tuesday ... Mar. 23 Tuesday ... Sep. 7  
Friday ... Apr. 2 Friday ... Sep. 17  
Tuesday ... Apr. 13 Tuesday ... Sep. 24  
Friday ... Apr. 23 Friday ... Oct. 3  
Tuesday ... May 4 Tuesday ... Oct. 13  
Friday ... May 14 Friday ... Oct. 23  
Tuesday ... May 25 Tuesday ... Nov. 9  
Friday ... June 4 Friday ... Nov. 19  
Tuesday ... June 15 Tuesday ... Nov. 30  
Friday ... June 25 Friday ... Dec. 10  
Tuesday ... July 6 Tuesday ... Dec. 21  
Friday ... July 16 Friday ... Dec. 31

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance. Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$10.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hamoa and Kihahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom. Consignees must be at the landing to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been loaded.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of purser. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S

Boston Line of Packets.

The bark "Island" McClure, master, will sail from New York for Honolulu on or about January 15th, 1897.

For particulars call or address

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

27 Kilby Street, Boston.

Or C. BREWER & CO., Ltd.,

Agents, Honolulu.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

BOOK BINDING

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

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AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

## LEWIS &amp; CO.

IT'S in the country districts in California, or any other state in fact, where the best home-made cakes are made. The city girls don't have time to learn much more than the to-o-step, or lawn tennis—their country cousins make the cake.

Layer cake, when the sponge is light and the filling is right, is used by the best of the angels above or on earth. Lately some good housewife has found that whipped Maple Cream makes a delicious between-layer preparation, and a manufacturer has taken it up. We have it in 1-pound tins and can recommend it.

Makakake is the peculiar name for a conglomeration of wheat, oats, corn and rye, for pancakes or muffins. It is peculiar because it is really good.

Another thing we sell is genuine York State Apple Butter, in 2 and 3-pound tins. Standard Crackers, fifty varieties in 2-pound tin boxes; Baked Beans, with or without tomato sauce; Spiced Onions, in quart bottles; Apple Slices, Lunch Pate, Brabant Sardines, Clam Bouillon, in bottles or tins; Extra Boneless Ham, in 1-pound tins; New York Sage Cheese; Concentrated Tomatoes, and the best Hams in the world.

Orders from the other islands promptly executed and shipped.

## LEWIS &amp; CO.

GROCERS. Fort Street, Honolulu.

## TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

—1897—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maui, Kaula, Kaula and Kaula the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesday and Friday.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Friday ... Feb. 12 Friday ... July 30  
Tuesday ... Feb. 23 Tuesday ... Aug. 10  
Friday ... Mar. 5 Friday ... Aug. 20  
Tuesday ... Mar. 16 Tuesday ... Aug. 31  
Friday ... Mar. 26 Friday ... Sep. 10  
Tuesday ... Apr. 6 Tuesday ... Sep. 20  
Friday ... Apr. 16 Friday ... Oct. 1  
Tuesday ... Apr. 27 Tuesday ... Oct. 12  
Friday ... May 7 Friday ... Oct. 23  
Tuesday ... May 18 Tuesday ... Nov. 3  
Friday ... May 28 Friday ... Nov. 13  
Tuesday ... June 8 Tuesday ... Nov. 23  
Friday ... June 18 Friday ... Dec. 3  
Tuesday ... June 29 Tuesday ... Dec. 14  
Friday ... July 9 Friday ... Dec. 25  
Tuesday ... July 20 Tuesday ... Dec. 31

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips marked \*

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ARRIVE HONOLULU.

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Tuesday ... Mar. 2 Tuesday ... Aug. 17  
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Tuesday ... Apr. 13 Tuesday ... Sep. 24  
Friday ... Apr. 23 Friday ... Oct. 3  
Tuesday ... May 4 Tuesday ... Oct. 13  
Friday ... May 14 Friday ... Oct. 23  
Tuesday ... May 25 Tuesday ... Nov. 9  
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Friday ... June 25 Friday ... Dec. 10  
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Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance. Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$10.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.



Follow Citizens—My memory turns back to an irresistible impulse to the door of the room where the speaker was in his hall. It was over three years ago, but there are those here now who have not forgotten the scene. I do not know whether I remember correctly, there was a gravel door to the hall; we had merely a small passage to the speaker's front, and no chairs for the people. I found myself in an anxious crowd. Everyone was thinking of reports that had come from Washington that the speaker might be committed. It was that Mr. Cleveland had decided to ask the existing government to suspend the speaker and give place to monarchy, which had been overruled six months before. We were here to protest against such a course, and, as I remember, we were all talking about to be done. We felt that if Mr.

He knows what hard times are. After paying expenses and the interest on the bonds, he says a pretty balance in the Treasury, is \$6,000 on bonds. The United States will not suffer from annexation.

After referring briefly to the idea of an independent colony, with a governor sent from Washington, Mr. Davis continued: "We must have an army and navy. But we must have protection. All is well now, but we must be prepared for these Japanese. They are here and they are beginning to strike here and there, what are we to do? Planters and agriculturists are here. We have heard the Government was not concerned in advocating annexation, but I am not sure. Let us get into the United States."

Fur-bearing animals are becoming scarce that the feasibility of breeding them is being discussed. It is considered that Siberia would be the most desirable place for the establishment of farms for this purpose.

ing Bros.' Art Store.  
110 HOTEL STREET.

Refers by permission to Hon. C. T. Nash, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lewis and Miss Susanne R. Patch, Honolulu.

THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTING HOUSE  
COMPANY Lincoln, England.

**Caution.**—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture,  
and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

month, delivered by carriers.



## PIGEON SERVICE

Joseph Marsden an Enthusiastic  
Homer.

BELIEVES IN FORMING COMPANY

Suggestions as to Caring  
and Training Birds.

In Six Months the Service Could  
Be Established—Loft Will  
Be Necessary.

The editorial and subsequent articles on carrier pigeons which have lately appeared in the Advertiser are not without good results. A dozen different gentlemen have expressed themselves as enthusiasts on the subject and confident that a pigeon service between Honolulu and the other islands could be made a success within the next year. Among the few who have taken an active interest in the subject for years past is Joseph Marsden, Commissioner of Agriculture. As a member of the Legislature of 1892 he secured an appropriation of \$500 for the purpose of buying birds and establishing stations, but shortly after this was granted he went to India, and on his return the money had been expended. In a conversation with Mr. Marsden yesterday he said:

"I have studied the pigeons almost as much as I have the trees and shrubs of the islands, and while my knowledge is only theoretical, it is enough to enable me to talk intelligently on the subject. Belgian birds are, of course, the best, because the people there have made a business of training them, and they derive pleasure and profit in return. If the birds are good, everything will depend on the training and that takes time. In Antwerp much attention is paid to homing pigeons which are different to a certain degree from carriers.

"I believe a stock company with a capitalization of \$1,500 could be gotten up here, and the business made profitable at the end of two years. Young birds may be had for \$5 a pair, and old ones for double that amount. I would be perfectly willing to take stock in the company, and would do all I could to further it. We would need a proper loft here, and I think we should have a good stock of pigeons, old birds, so that there would not be too great a delay in establishing an inter-island service. It would be advisable, after a while, to take all the birds out at a time and train them together; they could be drilled first on land and in all directions. When that is done and the birds know their home it will be time to send them to sea. The first trial could be to Diamond Head, the next five miles further, and the third to Molokai. Steamers are always leaving for windward in the morning, and there would be no difficulty in training the birds. For the Kauai route it would take longer, because it does not always happen that vessels leave in the morning, and it is impossible to train them at night, for wherever night overtakes them they drop.

"Birds under a year old should not be flown more than 50 miles; after that, 100 miles; two years old, 200 miles, and so on. We could get old birds from California, and at the end of six months, probably, have them flying to Hawaii; in the meantime the young ones would be growing, for each hen should hatch 10 squabblers in a season. A great deal of care must be given to the loft in which the birds are kept, and it is necessary to employ a man as caretaker. The room must be dry and well ventilated, out of the way of cats and roosts; dampness is fatal to the birds. Wash the loft frequently with carbolic acid or paraffine, mixed or sprinkled kerosene oil around, but never on the birds. Fine sawdust and a few straws should be placed in the nest pans, and be sure and have plenty of perches.

"It seems to me that a pigeon service would be of great moment to the newspapers, because they could get the movements of vessels on the other islands. But it would be of still greater interest to the agents of sugar vessels that are waiting here for a cargo, and those are the people who should become shareholders. When I secured the appropriation from the Government I obtained permission from the managers of the steamship lines to have the birds carried free between ports, so they could be trained without expense. In the California papers, which I received yesterday, I notice that the United States Government has established a weather bureau on the Farrallones, and that reports are sent to San Francisco by pigeon service every morning.

"I do not know of any place in the world better suited to, or where a pigeon service would be more valuable than in these islands, so long as we have no cable. People will tell you that the strong wind in the channels will hinder the birds, but I doubt it; birds fly right in the teeth of just as strong winds as we have here, and while it may take longer to make the journey, if the birds are properly trained they will accomplish it. I sincerely hope good results will follow the second start made by the Advertiser. Keeping everlastingly at it will bring even a pigeon service, and anything I can do to 'push it along' will be done willingly."

New Teachers' Association.

MR. EDITOR:—By request of Mr. J. W. Smith, myself and a number of other teachers gathered at Pearl City School house on Saturday, January 30, 1897, for the purpose of organizing a teachers' association.

Mr. J. L. Dumas was called to the chair, and a short program carried

out. After some kindergarten songs, Mr. J. W. Smith gave a class drill in primary numbers. Judging from the neat appearance and good behavior of his pupils, I conclude they have received instructions in more than the three R's. Their answers were prompt, and, for the most part, correct, thus showing that they had been taught to think.

Mr. J. L. Dumas, acting as instructor, gave us some good advice. An organization was completed, and the last Saturday in each month fixed upon as a time for meeting.

We earnestly hope the teachers of that section will give their best efforts to the work, and that Mr. Smith will not let his enthusiasm abate in the good work begun.

T. P. HARRIS.

Honolulu, Feb. 1, 1897.

### NEW STEAMSHIP OFFICERS.

The Oceanic Company Holds Its Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oceanic Steamship Company was held yesterday at the office of the company on Market street. The principal business of the meeting was the election of officers for the ensuing year. The only change made in personnel of the board of directors was in the election of Claus Spreckels to the vacancy created by the death of A. L. Tubbs. The new board is as follows: John D. Spreckels, A. B. Spreckels, Claus Spreckels, Charles Goodall, C. M. Goodall, A. C. Tubbs and J. A. Dickman.

The board organized by electing the following officers: President, John D. Spreckels; vice-president, Charles Goodall; agent and treasurer, John D. Spreckels & Brothers; secretary, E. H. Sheldon.

According to the annual report of the president the company was able to make an excellent financial showing for the year. The company's indebtedness in the form of an overdraft, which amounted to \$30,000 in May last, was reduced to \$14,000.—S. F. Chronicle, Jan. 22.

### CARRIER PIGEON SERVICE.

First Information of Swanchild's Arrival Will be by a Bird.

This afternoon the carrier pigeon service from the Farrallones was tested, says the San Francisco Bulletin of January 20th. A Carlisle, manufacturing stationer, 417 Montgomery street, received the message at his pigeon loft in Berkeley. From that point it was telephoned immediately to his office in this city.

Mr. Carlisle has 50 homing pigeons in the Farrallones in charge of Miss Daisy Doud, the school teacher. He intends to get the first information of the arrival of the Swanchild. The gentleman makes a business of raising the swift carrier bird, and his stock are swift flyers. The winged messenger brought the following word:

FARRALLONE ISLAND, Jan. 20. 9:35 a. m. At 4:15 a. m. the 19th, a four-masted ship was seen off the island—at least it so appeared through the glass—but mist soon obscured it, and darkness fell.

As this was a ship with four masts (three with yards) and not knowing what is due, we take it to be the Swanchild.

### NOLLE PROSEQUI.

In the Case of Blake for Opium in Possession.

There were quite a number of people present in the police court yesterday morning to listen to the trial of J. W. Blake on the charge of having opium in his possession. It will be remembered that a lichee nut filled with fresh opium was found in the trunk belonging to Blake and in the keeping of the janitor at the Mechanic's Home, an old man whose word no one doubts. He said that the trunk had been given into his charge after Blake arrived in December, at least a month ago. The opium in the lichee nut was new. The question is how did it come there and a mystery lies therein. Some have solved it.

Judge De La Vergne did not allow Blake to remain long in suspense and a nolle prosequi was entered immediately.

### SOME FUN AT THE HOTEL.

(A la French Dinner.)

The Australia's in, the house is full, The ladies are dressed to kill; And we, old fossils, who pay the bills Why, we are mostly nil.

The nice young man with the sweet moustache, Is fully in the swim, And every girl under 60 years Goes just one eye on him.

The dining room is filled with guests, Corks are popping loud, The clerk is wearing his newest smile, The manager's looking proud.

A pile of plates goes slamety bang, A lady near by jumps, A lively waiter grabs them up And for the kitchen hump.

The cook is badly rattled, Walters are on the fly, The old earth still goes slowly round Great Scott! we're living high.

Who would not live in the Paradise of the Pacific? as they say, And quietly smile once in a while When the fun comes 'round this way. —WALK-IN MILLER.

Mr. Ward L. Smith, of Fredericks-town, Mo., was troubled with chronic diarrhoea for over thirty years. He had become fully satisfied that it was only a question of a short time until he would have to give up. He had been treated by some of the best physicians in Europe and America but got no permanent relief. One day he picked up a newspaper and chanced to read an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He got a bottle of it, the first dose helped him and its continued use cured him. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



**Cuticura**  
SOAP  
FOR  
Baby's  
Skin

Nothing so pure, so sweet, so wholesome as CUTICURA SOAP, greatest of skin purifying and beautifying soaps. It prevents chafing, redness, and roughness of the skin, soothes inflammation, allays irritation, and when followed by gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, speedily cures all forms of skin and scalp diseases.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, 1, King Edward-st., London, E. C. FOREIGN DEPOT: DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Importers, Boston, U. S. A.

**Beeman's**  
Pepsine  
Gum.

THE ORIGINAL  
PEPSINE GUM.

A DELICIOUS

Remedy for Indigestion

AND THE PERFECTION OF

CHewing GUM.

For Sale by the

**HOLLISTER DRUG CO.**

Agents for the Islands.

Liberal discounts to the trade.

**Vin Pasteur!**

Pasteur's Tonic Wine of  
Coca and Kola Nuts.

Is STRENGTHENING and NOURISHING, sustaining and nourishing the body and brain. Aids digestion and assimilation, removes fatigue and improves the appetite, never causing constipation. The proprietors of

**VIN PASTEUR**

have testimonials from SEVEN THOUSAND eminent physicians, assuring them of their utmost satisfaction from its use. Sample bottle free. Large bottles, \$1.00.

**HOLLISTER DRUG CO.**

Agents for the Islands.

**Mount Tompkins Military Academy.**

San Rafael, California.

A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Thorough instruction in all English Branches, Classics, Science. Fifteen Teachers, Regular Army Officer Detailed by War Department. Accredited by State University.

Special Attention Given to the MORAL and PHYSICAL Training of the Boys. For Information and Testimonials, Address  
**ARTHUR CROSBY, A. M.,**  
Head Master.

References:—  
Hon. H. W. Schmidt,  
Bruce Cartwright, Esq., Honolulu.

**W. C. ACHI & CO.**

Brokers and Dealers in Real Estate.

We will buy or sell Real Estate in all parts of the group. We will sell properties on reasonable commissions. Office: No. 10 West King Street.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Pumps, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

**Metropolitan Market**  
KING STREET.

**Choicest Meats**

From Finest Herds.

**G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.**

Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE  
**Lowest Market Prices**

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B-41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Primary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from mercury. Sold in boxes, 50¢ each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

Ask Your  
Groceryman  
For the  
Celebrated

**CROWN**  
**FLOUR**

And  
Take  
No  
Other!

MANUFACTURED BY  
**The Stockton Milling Co.**  
SAN FRANCISCO.

**CASTLE & COOKE,**  
Limited.  
Sole Agents.

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF THOROUGHbred  
**Durham Bulls**

From a celebrated Kauri Stock Ranch. Also two thoroughbred Holstein bulls and several Sussex bulls. Are high grade and from three to five years old.  
**PAUL R. ISENBERG,**  
on Short Notice.  
Telephone, 507. Waiatae Ranch.  
1212-2m

**G. HUSTACE.**

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

212 KING ST. TEL. 119  
Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied on Short Notice.  
New goods by every steamer. 1 mile from the other islands fully stocked.

### Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Bremen.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

**German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.**  
OF BERLIN.

**Fortuna General Insurance Company**  
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

**CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.,**

Life and Fire

**Insurance Ag'ts.**

AGENTS FOR

**New England Mutual**

**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**

Of Boston.

**Etna Fire Insurance Company**

Of Hartford.

**Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company**  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000  
Total reinsurance 107,650,000

**North German Fire Insurance Company**  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies 8,830,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000  
Total reinsurance 43,830,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of damage by fire on the most favorable terms.  
**H. HACKFELD & CO.**

**J. S. WALKER,**  
General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

**Royal Insurance Company.**

Alliance Assurance Company,  
Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

**WILHELMA OF MADDEBURG**  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada.  
Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

INSURANCE

**Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.**

AGENTS FOR

**FIRE, LIFE and MARINE**  
**INSURANCE.**

**Northern Assurance Co**  
Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

**BRITISH AND FOREIGN**  
**MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.,**

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

**THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.**

**NORTH BRITISH**  
**MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.**

Total Funds at 31st December, 1896, £12,438,131.

1-Authorised Capital-£5,000,000 £ 4  
Subscribed 2,500,000 2  
Paid up Capital- 600,000 0 6  
2-Fire Funds- 1,000,000 2 9  
3-Life and Annuity Funds- 2,148,000 19 3  
4-Reserve Funds- 412,000 13 2 3

The accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

**ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.**  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



## KILLED BY A BOAR

Kai Chong, Chinese Taro Planter, Bleeds to Death.

Enraged Animal Makes Fatal Wounds—Lassoed and Taken to Rice's Paddock.

About a quarter of a mile above School street on the Ewa side of Liliha at a place called Konowai, Kai Chong, taro planter and hog raiser, was bitten by a boar yesterday forenoon and before medical assistance could be secured, was dead. The story as told by other Chinamen associated with him in work is substantially as follows:

On Monday, Kai Chong borrowed a large black boar from a Japanese and took him to his place forthwith. Sometime during the night, the animal wandered away from the premises upon the land of others. Bright and early, Kai Chong started out in pursuit and shortly afterwards found the boar rooting up the sod under some account trees on the premises of natives not more than 600 feet removed.

He started to drive the animal back and by dint of poking with a stick must have so irritated him as to cause him to turn.

At all events nothing was known of the matter until cries for help were heard from the direction of the premises of the native already indicated. David Carter went over and there found the Japanese, the owner of the boar. The Chinaman was lying on the ground in a pool of blood and was unable to speak a word. With the help of three Chinese laborers, Carter and the Japanese carried the wounded man to the house where he died inside of a minute's time.

Upon examination it was found that the animal has made four wounds completely through the fleshy part of the leg about a half way up from the knee. Examination of the boar's tusks later explained how easily this could have been done. They were over two inches long.

As it happened a band of cowboys in charge of a number of polled Angus cattle, on their way to C. Bolte's home, were passing by. Learning of what the enraged animal had done, George Holt threw a lasso, caught and took him to the paddock of W. H. Rice near by, where he was tied to a fence.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

## ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, February 2.

O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, from San Francisco.  
Am bk Albert, Griffiths, from San Francisco.  
Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

Wednesday, February 3.

Stmr Mokoli, Nelson, from Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.  
Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai ports.  
Stmr James Makee, Tullett, from Kapaa.  
Stmr Noanui, Pederson, from Hanalei.  
Stmr Kaala, Mosher, from Kahuku.

Thursday, February 4.

O. S. S. Alameda, Van Oterendorp, from the Colonies.  
Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports.  
Stmr Waialeale, Parker, from Kauai.  
Stmr Kilauea, Hou, Freeman, from Hawaii and Molokai.

## DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, February 2.

Bk Ceylon, Calhoun, for San Francisco.  
Bkine W. H. Dimond, Nelson, for San Francisco.  
Stmr Kinawa, Clarke, for Maui and Hawaii ports.  
Stmr Lehua, Everett, for Hawaii ports.  
Stmr Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports.  
Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Kauai ports.  
Stmr Likilike, Nye, for Oahu and Hawaii ports.  
Stmr J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Waimanalo.  
N. Y. K. S. Wakanaura-Marui, Allen, for Seattle.

Wednesday, February 3.

Stmr Mokoli, Nelson, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.  
Stmr James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaa.  
Stmr Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Kauai ports.

Thursday, February 4.

Stmr Kaala, Mosher, for Kahuku.  
O. S. S. Alameda, Van Oterendorp, for San Francisco.  
Bk Andvake, Cornelson, for Port Townsend.  
Stmr Noanui, Pederson, for Kukuiahae.

## PASSENGERS.

## Arrivals.

From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, February 2.—A. Adams, Mrs. J. B. Atherton, Herbert Austin, Walter Austin, Miss S. Beesley, William E. Black, D. G. Camarinos, Thomas Carter, Frank R. Clifton, J. L. Dougherty and wife, Miss H. J. Dickson, Miss M. S. Dole, C. E. Eakin, Mark Eakel, Mrs. C. Fairchild, E. T. French, H. A. Greene, C. A. Grierson, Jr., W. H. Hall, F. Travis, Edgar Henriques, W. M. Hopkins and wife, J. Hoover, Mrs. B. L. Hutson, Mrs. J. D. Jennings, S. E. Laidley, Mrs. H. Lamson and two children, Dr. N. L. Looe and wife, W. A. Mackay, Fred Manty, Mrs. B. A. Miller, Miss A. Pearce, M. C. Prator and wife, J. W. Sampliner, Mrs. J. Seeley, Hugh Sibbald, Mrs. Henry Stockbridge, O. H. Walker, Mrs. W. A. Wall, Dr. G. N. Webber and

wife, J. S. Werrin, W. S. Werrin, C. L. Wright and wife, Miss Wright, R. L. Wilcox, E. B. Wolff, J. J. Yaeager.

From San Francisco, per bark Albert, Feb. 2.—J. C. Palmer, S. Beesley, S. White and Schlenker.

From Hawaii, per Noanui, Feb. 3.—W. Grothers, C. Lovstad and wife, M. V. Holmes, Dr. S. Asano, Mrs. Sexton, Miss Broderick and three on deck.

From Kilauea, per Ke Au Hou, Feb. 3.—Wm. Kinney and three on deck.

From Kapaa, per James Makee, Feb. 3.—Mrs. Birkmyre, Mrs. C. B. Makee and eight on deck.

From Molokai, per Mokoli, Feb. 3.—Lot Lane, Mrs. Niho and five on deck.

From Kahuku, per Kaala, Feb. 3.—E. R. Rowell and three on deck.

From Kauai, per Mikahala, Feb. 4.—J. A. McCandless.

From Sydney, per O. S. S. Alameda, Feb. 4.—E. J. McCulloch and Harry Webber.

## Departures.

For Maui and Hawaii, per Kinawa, Feb. 2.—Hilo: George A. Martin, J. W. Mason, W. A. Hardy and wife, Mrs. Sadler, Miss Wilhelm, W. Rawlins, David Rice and wife, Kawahae: W. Muller, H. Louison, Mahukona: Father Mathias, C. F. Hart, Miss Mabel Hart, Laupahoehoe: A. Lidgate, Deck, 42.

For Maui, per Claudine, Feb. 2.—Lahaina: C. E. Rosecrans, Osmer Abbott, A. Haneberg, Kahului: C. A. Spreckels, C. B. Wells, Le Comte de Kergerlay, Father Libert, Mrs. L. A. Andrews and child, Miss N. Lincoln, Mrs. W. Scott, Young Kwai and boy, A. Eaos and wife, Mrs. Johnson, Hanalei: G. Cooper, Fred Zoller, Miss Pua Pauahi, T. Akanalili, Tong Ho and G. C. Gallagher.

For Kauai, per W. G. Hall, Feb. 2.—W. H. Rice and wife, Miss Mary Girvin, H. Waterhouse, A. S. Wilcox, Miss L. R. Wheeler, Wong Yook, F. Mahu, R. H. Hart, J. A. McCandless, Rev. H. Isenberg, F. W. Glade and 19 deck.

For Kapaa, per James Makee, Feb. 3.—H. P. Baldwin, Mrs. R. C. Spalding and Miss Anna Berler.

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Alameda, Feb. 4.—R. H. Collier, J. E. Miller and wife, J. M. Alexander, G. H. Umbsen, Mrs. B. Umbsen, B. V. Hoover, C. B. Gray, Mrs. Theo. Hoffmann, L. A. Thurston and wife, Mrs. C. H. Paris and infant, Mrs. J. McLean, Captain Nelson, H. C. Ovenden, M. V. Holmes, Mrs. J. M. Monroe and child and C. A. Grimsom, Jr.

## EXPORTS.

Per bk Ceylon, for San Francisco, Feb. 2.—15,055 bags sugar, valued at \$56,738.75, shipped by Wm. G. Irwin & Co.

Per bkine W. H. Dimond, for San Francisco, Feb. 2.—2,406 bags sugar, shipped by Irwin & Co.; 6,030 do, by Grinbaum & Co.; 1,856 do, by H. A. Widemann. Total, 10,294 bags, valued at \$40,733.

## WHARF AND WAVE.

Sailed from San Francisco, January 25: Schr Jennie Wand for Kahului.

A very large freight was taken by the Kinawa yesterday morning for Maui and Hawaii. All her available space was occupied by boxes and bags of merchandise for the island trade.

Arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu, Aloha, Jan. 21, 18 days; Andrew Welch, Jan. 24, 15½ days. Departed for Honolulu, Jan. 24: Ship Mary Flint to load sugar for New York.

A standing and imperative order from the Customs Department forbids the guards talking while on duty. Will the public please remember this, and thus save the guards from unnecessary embarrassment and possible censure.

Fifteen horses by the Albert were brought down by J. C. Palmer, a California rancher, as a speculation. Schleifer, head luma of the Kaneohe Ranch Company, arrived with 28 cows, 8 calves, 1 horse, 1 jack and 6 fine chickens for his concern. The stock was discharged at the foot of Nuuanu street yesterday. On the long voyage down the Albert did not sight a sail.

H. C. Morton, whose resignation from the office of Customs Inspector was noted a few days ago, has accepted a position as assistant appraiser under Mr. Castle, taking the place formerly held by Mr. J. P. P. Collico. Mr. Morton is considered a valuable man in that line of work. P. H. Burnett is, for the present, assisting in the general office of the Custom House.

The little barkentine Katie Flickinger, which recently arrived on the Sound in ballast from Hoga, made the trip over in 23½ days, one of the quickest trips under sail between the two points. She actually outlasted the last Japanese steamer that arrived at Seattle a few days ago. The Katie Flickinger is under charter to load lumber for Yokohama and will secure her cargo from one of the big mills on the Sound.—S. F. Bulletin.

At 8 a. m. yesterday the bark Albert, Captain Griffiths, was towed into port, 19 days from San Francisco. "Experienced strong southerly winds and was blown out of course. Was becalmed off Molokai on Monday morning. Last 10 days water became very scarce, and could only allow livestock on deck five gallons per day." The Albert brought 1,200 tons of general merchandise, 58 head of livestock and four passengers. She is consigned to Hackfeld & Co.

The O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, commander, hauled alongside the Oceanic wharf at 5 p. m. yesterday, after a very rough voyage. Following is the Purser's report: Left San Francisco, January 26, 1897, at 2 p. m. with 55 cabin and 34 steerage passengers, 65 bags mail. Experienced moderate south and southwest gales, with heavy squalls, and rough sea, until January 31st, thence, to port, light east and southeast winds and smooth sea, arrived Feb. 2, 1897, at 5 p. m. Time, 7 days, 2 hours, 30 minutes.

The O. S. S. Alameda, K. Van Oterendorp, commander, arrived early yesterday morning, 17 days and 14

hours from Sydney. Experienced strong N. W. winds and head seas. From the Purser's report, the following facts are called: Sailed from Sydney, Jan. 18, at 5 p. m.; from Auckland, Jan. 23, at 3 p. m.; from Apia, Jan. 28, at 7 a. m.; from Honolulu, Feb. 4, at 3 p. m. The Alameda brought two passengers and 120 tons of freight, chiefly sugar bags, to Honolulu.

## The Helene Launched.

The new steel steamer Helene, built by the Union Iron Works for the Wilder Steamship Company of Honolulu, was launched successfully at the Union Iron Works yesterday forenoon. Miss Laura Dickson of Honolulu had the pleasant duty of breaking the bottle of wine over the bow of the craft, and she did it very gracefully, while an admiring crowd of invited guests and workmen looked on and applauded.

The new steamer is built on very graceful lines. She is 175 feet in length, 20 feet beam, nearly 15 feet deep, is of 700 tons and is to be supplied with 450 horse-power engines. She is destined for the inter-island trade, principally as a freighter, but with some accommodations for passengers. The work of putting in her engines and boilers will be prosecuted as rapidly as possible.—San Francisco Chronicle.

## Mokoli All Right.

The Mokoli arrived at 1 o'clock this morning, safe and sound. After visiting Lahaina and Kahului, she appeared off Kalaupapa last Friday, but on account of the swell, could not go in. She went to Hanalei and was there weatherbound for two days, and did not reach the settlement until Monday. She sailed from there yesterday afternoon. The Kilauea steamer arrived at the settlement yesterday morning with a load of Hawaii cattle. She will reach here during today.

## Born at Sea.

On the voyage from Auckland, at 12:30 p. m. of January 26, there was born to the wife of Claude Falls Wright of New York, a passenger by the Alameda, a son.

## BORN.

MORGAN.—In this city, February 3, 1897, to the wife of James F. Morgan, a daughter.

EFFINGER.—In this city February 3, 1897, to the wife of John Effinger, a daughter.

HOUGH.—In this city, February 4, 1897, to the wife of L. W. Hough, a daughter.

## DIED.

TRAVIS.—In Alameda, Cal., January 21, Daniel Travis, brother of Mrs. Charles Thorn and uncle of Edgar Y. Charles, Arthur S. Frank B. and Minnie T. Thorn, a native of New York, aged 67 years and 3 months.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

B. Shimizu, Plaintiff, vs. H. Hamanaka, Defendant. Assumpsit.

The Republic of Hawaii, to the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands or His Deputy, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon H. Hamanaka, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the February Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, on Monday, the first day of February, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to show cause why the claim of B. Shimizu, plaintiff, should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of his annexed petition.

And have you then and there this Writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness: Hon. A. W. Carter, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit at Honolulu, Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, this 16th day of November, 1896.

1812-3m GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under firm name and style of H. Hall & Co. is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, Charles Williams retiring. Mr. Henry Hall will conduct the business in his own name, and will assume all liabilities and collect all accounts due the firm.

H. HALL, CHARLES WILLIAMS. Honokaa, January 27, 1897. 1835-2v

## ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hawaiian Fruit and Taro Company will be held at the office of the company at Wailuku, Maui, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1897, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

A. N. KEOPOIKAI, Secretary. Wailuku, Maui, January 16, 1897. 1831-3w

## NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States Branch Hydrographic Office, Merchants' Exchange. San Francisco, Cal.

Captains of vessels touching at any of the ports of the Hawaiian Islands, by communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, will be furnished with the Monthly Pilot Charts of the North Pacific, and with the latest information regarding the dangers of navigation in the regions which they frequent.

Nautical inquiries will be investigated and answered.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publications of the Pilot Charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES, Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, in Charge.

## BY AUTHORITY.

William Henry Rice, Jr., Esq., has this day been appointed Executive Inspector of Animals for the Island of Kauai, vice S. N. Hundley, Esq., resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Jan. 26, 1897. 1832-3t

Samuel M. Kaneole, Esq., has this day been appointed an Agent to Grant Marriage Licenses for the District of Kawaihau, Island of Kauai.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Jan. 27, 1897. 1833-3t

F. W. Hardy, Esq., has this day been appointed Commissioner of Fences for the District of Makawao, Island of Maui, vice A. F. Tavares, Esq., resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Jan. 26, 1897. 1833-3t

## NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

JOHN W. NEAL has this day been appointed Deputy Assessor and Collector for the District of Kawaihau, Island of Kauai, vice S. Kalu, deceased.

J. K. FARLEY, Assessor 4th Division.

Approved: S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance. Honolulu, January 27th, 1897. 1833-3t

## PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following lots in Hamakua, Hawaii, opened for applications Jan. 15th, 1897, will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, ON SATURDAY, FEB. 6th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of Chas. Williams, Honokaa, Hamakua, under the special terms and conditions named in Public Lands notice declaring such lands open.

Lot.	Area.	Upset Price.
7	72a	\$720.00
13	73.94a	913.60
14	74.63a	923.87
15	81.04a	810.49
25	75.16a	939.50
26	36.17a	361.70

AHUALOA SECTION. (Near Honokaa.)

18 18.24a \$182.49

No person will be allowed to purchase more than one lot.

All purchasers must possess qualifications and make the sworn declaration, required of Cash Freehold purchasers under the Land Act, 1895.

One-fourth of purchase price is due immediately after the sale.

Plans of above lots and further information, may be obtained at the office of Public Land, Honolulu, or at the office of Chas. Williams, Sub-Agent, Honokaa, Hamakua.

(Signed) J. F. BROWN, 1832-1d Agent of Public Lands.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Kalepa Pupu and Palea, his wife, of Kailua, Honolulu, Oahu, to William R. Castle, trustee, of said Honolulu, dated July 26th, 1892, recorded Liber 139, page 154, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit: Non-payment of both interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Monday, the 1st day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated, Honolulu, Jan. 6, 1897. WILLIAM R. CASTLE, Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: All those two certain parcels or house lots on the mauka side of Kuaikini street, in Kailua, Honolulu, being set forth (1) as lot 22 of the Kailua tract of S. E. Bishop, covered by deed to him of the Board of Education, recorded in Liber 103, page 232, and conveyed to said Palea (w) by deed of S. E. Bishop, dated July 26, 1892, recorded Liber 136, page 259; also the houses and structures upon or connected with either of said lots, having a joint area of 6,500 feet.

The foregoing sale is hereby postponed to the 13th day of February, 1897, at the same hour and place. 1835-3t

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Solomon Hale of Waihee, Island of Maui, to Robert R. Hind of Kohala, Island of

Hawaii, dated March 2, 1886, recorded Liber 98, page 144, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Non-payment of both interest and principal. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, January 15, 1897. ROBERT R. HIND, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: All those certain tracts or parcels of land situated in Kula, Maui, as follows: 1A. All lands in R. P. 4592 to Kahaanui, 1 70-100 acres. 2. All lands in R. P. 2897 to John Miller, 71.80 acres. 3. All lands in R. P. 2043 to M. H. Renten, 100 acres. 4. All lands in R. P. 3017 to Peter Genel, 104 acres. 5. All lands in R. P. 2044 to J. Piereson, 100 acres. 6. All lands in R. P. 2026 to William Freeman, 100 acres. 7. All lands in R. P. 1204 to J. C. White, 122.45 acres.

Total number of acres, 698.25, being the same premises conveyed to said mortgagor by deed of the Waihee Sugar Company, recorded Liber 100, page 47. 1830-4w

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Anueha of Punahulu and Hanula Koolauloa, Oahu, to William R. Castle, Trustee of Honolulu, dated November 3, 1892, recorded Liber 139, page 274, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Non-payment of both interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, January 15, 1897. WILLIAM R. CASTLE, Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of: All that certain tract or parcel of land in said Punahulu, set forth in R. P. 3924 on Kul. 3959 to Nakoilo, containing 9½ acres, stated in said Patent to consist of 16 lot and Pahale, situated near the rice mill in said Punahulu, said premises being owned in fee by said mortgagor as only son and sole surviving heir of Wahineaea (w), she having purchased the said land of said Nakoilo by deed, dated August 1, 1864, recorded in Liber 19, page 40, and also all of the houses, structures and appurtenances to the said premises appertaining.

1830-4w

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Lin Tai Wai Sing Kee Co. of Kamoiili, Honolulu, Oahu, to William R. Castle of said Honolulu, dated September 4, 1890, recorded Liber 126, page 241, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Non-payment of both interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, January 15, 1897. WILLIAM R. CASTLE, Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

That certain Rice Plantation situated in Moiliili, at or near Kanewai, Oahu, comprising all the leaseholds set forth in the schedule attached in said mortgage, together with the buildings, rice floors, rice mill and machinery thereon situated, also all working animals, including swine and poultry, all working tools and implements and also all furniture and fixtures of every description connected therewith in said plantation. 1830-4w

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Lukea Kaalimanu and Julia L. Kaalimanu of Punahulu, Koolauloa, Oahu, to William R. Castle, Trustee, of Honolulu, dated June 16, 1892, recorded Liber 145, page 14, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Non-payment of both interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in

Honolulu, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, January 15, 1897. WILLIAM R. CASTLE, Trustee, Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

All of those premises described as follows: 1. Premises in Waialae, Koolauloa, Oahu, set forth in L. C. Award 4347 to Kuaia, containing 1 44-100 of an acre, and L. C. Award 4353, to Kawai, containing 44-100 of an acre. 2. Premises in Waialeale, Koolauloa, Oahu, set forth in R. P. 3512 to Namahala, 96-100 acres, Kuleana 3808 to Lupo; 75-100 acres, Kuleana 3880 to Pukoloheau; 55-100 acres, Kuleana 4369 to Kuaia; 2 6-10 acres, Kuleana 4381 to Kalaiku, 67-100 acres. 1830-4w

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

In accordance with the provisions of a certain mortgage made by Benjamin (K) of Waikapu, Island of Maui, to Samuel W. Wilcox of Lihue, Island of Kauai, dated January 31, 1889, recorded Liber 111, page 335, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Non-payment of both interest and principal when due. Notice is likewise given that after the expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be advertised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, in Honolulu, on Saturday, the 13th day of February, 1897, at 12 noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle. Dated Honolulu, January 15, 1897. SAMUEL W. WILCOX, Mortgagee.